UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[X]	Quarterly report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934	
	For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2002	
[]	Transition report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934	
	For the transition period from to	
	COMMISSION FILE 0-18911	
	GLACIER BANCORP, INC.	
	(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)	
DEL	AWARE 8	31-0519541
(Stat	te or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (IRS Employer Identific	cation No.)
49 C	Commons Loop, Kalispell, Montana	59901
(Add	dress of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
Regi	istrant's telephone number, including area code (406) 756-4200	
N/A		
(For	mer name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)	
Indic prece	cate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the ding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the plays. Yes [X] No []	
The	number of shares of Registrant's common stock outstanding on November 5 th , 2002 was 17,236,312. No preferred shares are issued or outstanding.	
_		
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Glacier Bancorp, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition

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(Unaudited – dollars in thousands except per share data)	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
Assets:	2002	2001	2001
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 62,723	73,456	64,064
Interest bearing cash deposits	18,690	23,970	9,790
Cash and cash equivalents	81,413	97,426	73,854
Investments:			
Investment securities, available–for–sale	233,229	158,036	154,721
Mortgage backed securities, available-for-sale	421,966	350,542	346,019
Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Reserve Bank stock, at cost	42,128	37,007	36,076
Total investments	697,323	545,585	536,816
Net loans receivable:			
Real estate loans	383,890	421,996	441,232
Commercial Loans	674,139	620,134	627,110
Consumer and other loans	291,164	298,851	308,010
Allowance for loan losses	(21,342)	(18,654)	(18,528)
Total loans, net	1,327,851	1,322,327	1,357,824
Premises and equipment, net	47,524	50,566	52,071
Real estate and other assets owned, net	852	593	727
Accrued interest receivable	13,447	12,409	14,388
Core deposit intangible, net	7,181	8,261	8,630
Goodwill	33,189	33,510	35,381
Other assets	15,034	15,070	15,274
	\$ 2,223,814	2,085,747	2,094,965
Liabilities and stockholders' equity:			
Deposits – non-interest bearing	\$ 292,653	234,318	244,450
Deposits – interest bearing	1,206,000	1,211,746	1,209,469
Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank of Seattle	402,367	367,295	360,654
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	33,572	32,585	29,392
Other borrowed funds	16,799	1,060	12,020
Accrued interest payable	6,291	9,179	10,657
Current income taxes	1,642	95	3,371
Deferred tax liability	8,240	1,780	2,685
Trust preferred securities	35,000	35,000	35,000
Other liabilities	15,058	15,706	15,672
Total liabilities	2,017,622	1,908,764	1,923,370
Preferred shares, 1,000,000 shares authorized. None outstanding			
Common stock, \$.01 par value per share			
50,000,000 shares authorized	172	169	167
Paid-in capital	171,457	167,371	163,384
Retained earnings – substantially restricted	22,912	7,687	3,761
Accumulated other comprehensive income	11,651	1,756	4,283

Total stockholders' equity		206,192	176,983	171,595
	\$	2,223,814	2,085,747	2,094,965
Number of shares outstanding Book value of equity per share Tangible book value per share	\$ \$	17,223,574 11.97 9.63	16,874,422 10.49 8.01	16,728,482 10.26 7.63

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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Glacier Bancorp, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations

(unaudited – dollars in thousands except per share data)	Thr	ee months ende	l September 30,	Nine months ended September 30,		
		2002	2001	2002	2001	
nterest income:						
Real estate loans	\$	7,190	9,332	22,253	26,313	
Commercial loans		12,007	12,824	35,088	34,524	
Consumer and other loans		5,643	6,733	17,142	19,221	
Investments		8,989	8,211	25,931	22,080	
Total interest income		33,829	37,100	100,414	102,138	
nterest expense:						
Deposits		6,429	11,452	20,544	33,250	
FHLB Advances		4,189	5,212	12,555	14,049	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		144	266	433	791	
Trust preferred securities		904	904	2,711	2,410	
Other borrowed funds		32	67	72	210	
Total interest expense		11,698	17,901	36,315	50,710	
Net interest income		22,131	19,199	64,099	51,428	
Provision for loan losses		1,665	1,006	4,225	3,429	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses		20,466	18,193	59,874	47,999	
Non–interest income:						
Service charges and other fees		3,726	3,270	10,332	9,009	
Miscellaneous loan fees and charges		1,031	995	3,056	2,728	
Gains on sale of loans		1,225	1,111	3,497	2,766	
Gains on sale of investments, net			24	2	-,: 88	
Other income		475	395	1,753	2,085	
Total non–interest income		6,457	5,795	18,640	16,676	
Non-interest expense:						
Compensation, employee benefits						
and related expenses		7,541	7,392	22,856	20,182	
Occupancy and equipment expense		2,340	2,187	6,965	6,147	
Outsourced data processing expense		547	707	1,508	2,00	
Core deposit intangibles amortization		359	383	1,080	957	
Goodwill amortization		_	492	_	1,229	
Other expenses		3,209	3,948	10,294	10,42	
Minority interest		_	_	_	35	
Total non–interest expense		13,996	15,109	42,703	40,984	
Earnings before income taxes		12,927	8,879	35,811	23,691	
Federal and state income tax expense		4,311	3,172	12,170	8,462	
Net earnings	\$	8,616	5,707	23,641	15,229	
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.50	0.34	1.38	0.99	
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.49	0.33	1.36	0.96	
Dividends declared per share	\$	0.17	0.15	0.49	0.45	
Return on average assets (annualized)	-	1.58%	1.06%	1.48%	1.00	
Return on average equity (annualized)		17.03%	13.50%	16.42%	13.4	
Return on tangible average equity (annualized)		21.32%	18.09%	20.94%	17.9	
Average outstanding shares – basic	17	,209,487	16,676,275	17,120,894	15,344,475	
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Glacier Bancorp, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity and Comprehensive Income Year ended December 31, 2001 and Nine months ended September 30, 2002

	Common	Stock			Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	Accumulated other comp-	Total stock-
(Unaudited – dollars in thousands except per share data)	Shares	Ar	nount	Paid–in capital	substantially restricted	rehensive income	holders' equity
Balance at December 31, 2000	11,447,150	\$	114	101,828	(4,087)	258	98,113
Comprehensive income:							
Net earnings	_		_	_	21,689		21,689
Unrealized gain on securities, net of reclassification adjustment	_		_	_	_	1,498	1,498
Total comprehensive income							23,187
Cash dividends declared (\$.60 per share)	_		_	_	(9,915)	_	(9,915)
Stock options exercised	864,571		9	6,755		_	6,764
Tax benefit from stock related compensation	_		_	2,778	_	_	2,778
Conversion of debentures	32,239		1	341			342
Stock issued in connection with merger of WesterFed Financial Corporation	4,530,462		45	55,669	_	_	55,714
Balance at December 31, 2001 Comprehensive income:	16,874,422	\$	169	167,371	7,687	1,756	176,983
Net earnings	_		_		23,641	_	23,641
Unrealized gain on securities, net of reclassification adjustment	_		_	_	, <u> </u>	9,895	9,895
Total comprehensive income							33,536
Cash dividends declared (\$.49 per share) Stock options exercised	— 349,152			<u> </u>	(8,416)	_	(8,416) 4,089
Stock options exercised	349,132			4,000			4,009
Balance at September 30, 2002	17,223,574	\$	172	171,457	22,912	11,651	206,192

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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Glacier Bancorp, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

2001
11,660
158,134
(256,425)
272,133
(352,595)
245,170
(170,680)
(3,490)
107,239
(53,131)
541
(53,104)
26,404
6,194
(3,336)
35,000
(6,645)
5,895
63,512

NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(16,013)	22,068
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	97,426	51,786
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 81,413	73,854
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 39,203	52,230
Income taxes	\$ 10,619	6,101

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1) Basis of Presentation:

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of Glacier Bancorp Inc.'s (the "Company") financial condition as of September 30, 2002, December 31, 2001, and September 30, 2001, stockholders' equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and the year ended December 31, 2001, the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, and the cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001.

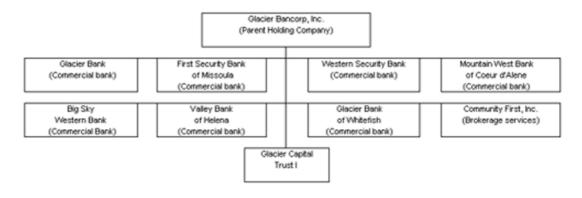
The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001. Operating results for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results anticipated for the year ending December 31, 2002. Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2001 financial statements to conform to the 2002 presentation.

2) Organizational Structure:

The Company, headquartered in Kalispell, Montana, is a Delaware corporation incorporated in 1990, pursuant to the reorganization of Glacier Bank, FSB into a bank holding company. The Company is the parent company for nine wholly owned subsidiaries: Glacier Bank ("Glacier"), First Security Bank of Missoula ("First Security"), Western Security Bank ("Western"), Big Sky Western Bank ("Big Sky"), Valley Bank of Helena ("Valley"), Glacier Bank of Whitefish ("Whitefish"), Community First, Inc. ("CFI"), and Glacier Capital Trust I ("Glacier Trust"), all located in Montana, and Mountain West Bank ("Mountain West") which is located in Idaho and Utah. The Company does not have any off-balance sheet entities.

CFI provides full service brokerage services through Raymond James Financial Services, Inc.

The following abbreviated organizational chart illustrates the various relationships:



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3) Ratios:

Returns on average assets and average equity were calculated based on daily averages.

4) Cash Dividend Declared:

September 25, 2002, the Board of Directors declared a \$.17 per share quarterly cash dividend to stockholders of record on October 8, 2002, payable on October 17, 2002.

5) Computation of Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing net earnings by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period presented. Diluted earnings per share is computed by including the net increase in shares if dilutive outstanding stock options were exercised, using the treasury stock method.

The following schedule contains the data used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share.

	Three months ended Sept. 30, 2002		Three months ended Sept. 30, 2001	Nine months ended Sept. 30, 2002	Nine months ended Sept. 30, 2001
Net earnings available to common stockholders, basic After tax effect of interest on	\$	8,616,194	5,707,016	23,641,308	15,229,360
convertible subordinated debentures			4,000		12,000
Net earnings available to common stockholders, diluted	\$	8,616,194	5,711,016	23,641,308	15,241,360
Average outstanding shares - basic		17,209,487	16,676,275	17,120,894	15,344,475
Add: Dilutive stock options Convertible subordinated debentures		292,053 —	369,278 33,025	299,394	451,150 33,025
Average outstanding shares - diluted		17,501,540	17,078,578	17,420,288	15,828,650
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.50	0.34	1.38	0.99
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.49	0.33	1.36	0.96

6) Investments:

A comparison of the amortized cost and estimated fair value of the Company's investments is as follows. All investments are held at market value, except the Federal Home Loan Bank of Seattle (FHLB) and Federal Reserve Bank (FRB) stock. The FHLB and FRB stocks are restricted because they may only be sold to another member institution or the FHLB or FRB at their par values. Due to the restrictive terms, and lack of a readily determinable market value, FHLB and FRB stocks are carried at cost.

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INVESTMENTS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

			Gross Un	nrealized	Estimated
(Dollars in thousands)	Weighted Yield	Amortized Cost	Gains	Losses	Fair Value
U.S. Government and Federal Agencies		· -			
maturing after ten years	3.58%	\$ 1,104	9	(2)	1,111
	3.58%	1,104	9	(2)	1,111
State and Local Governments and other issues:					
maturing within one year	5.68%	2,148	52	_	2,200
maturing one year through five years	5.48%	11,293	52	(118)	11,427
maturing five years through ten years	5.69%	3,127	120	· —	3,247
maturing after ten years	5.54%	206,161	9,635	(552)	215,244
	5.54%	222,729	10,059	(670)	232,118
Mortgage-Backed Securities	5.63%	94,644	2,673	(36)	97,281
Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits	5.32%	317,462	7,361	(138)	324,685
FHLB and FRB stock, at cost	6.00%	42,128	_	_	42,128
Total Investments	5.47%	\$678,067	20,102	(846)	697,323
			<u> </u>		

INVESTMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2001

			Gross U	Estimated	
(Dollars in thousands)	Weighted Yield	Amortized Cost	Gains	Losses	Fair Value
U.S. Government and Federal Agencies maturing after ten years	2.77%	\$ 1,330	12	(3)	1,339
3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	2.77%	1,330	12	(3)	1,339
State and Local Governments and other issues:					
maturing within one year	3.25%	4,639	28	_	4,667
maturing one year through five years	5.36%	13,774	291	(65)	14,000
maturing five years through ten years	5.50%	2,349	57	(6)	2,400
maturing after ten years	5.81%	135,789	1,563	(1,722)	135,630

	5.67%	156,551	1,939	(1,793)	156,697
Mortgage-Backed Securities	6.08%	129,322	1,868	(126)	131,064
Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits	6.11%	218,470	2,941	(1,933)	219,478
FHLB and FRB stock, at cost	6.82%	37,007	_	_	37,007
Total Investments	6.01%	\$542,680	6,760	(3,855)	545,585

Gross proceeds from sales of investment securities for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2002 and year ended December 31, 2001 were \$0, \$24,428,000, and \$86,311,000, respectively, resulting in gross gains of approximately \$0, \$215,000, and \$71,000 and gross losses of approximately \$0, \$213,000, and \$7,000. The cost of any investment sold is determined by specific identification.

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7) Loans

The following table summarizes the Company's loan portfolio. The loans mature or are repriced at various times.

TYPE OF LOAN	TYPE OF LOAN At 09/30/02		At 12/31/20	At 12/31/2001	
(Dollars in Thousands)	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Real Estate Loans:					
Residential first mortgage loans	\$ 3543,786	25.9%	\$ 395,417	29.9%	
Loans held for sale	40,832	3.1%	27,403	2.1%	
Total	384,618	29.0%	422,820	32.0%	
Commercial Loans:					
Real estate	395,995	29.8%	379,346	28.7%	
Other commercial loans	279,300	21.0%	241,811	18.3%	
Total	675,295	50.8%	621,157	47.0%	
Installment and Other Loans:					
Consumer loans	122,084	9.2%	142,875	10.8%	
Home equity loans	169,199	12.7%	156,140	11.8%	
Total	291,283	21.9%	299,015	22.6%	
Net deferred loan fees, premiums and discounts	(2,003)	-0.1%	(2,011)	-0.2%	
Allowance for Losses	(21,342)	-1.6%	(18,654)	-1.4%	
Net Loans	\$1,327,851	100.0%	\$1,322,327	100.0%	

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's non-performing assets at the dates indicated:

(Dollars in Thousands)	At 9/30/2002	At 12/31/2001
Non-accrual loans:		
Mortgage loans	\$ 2,293	4,044
Commercial loans	5,508	4,568
Consumer loans	573	620
Total Accruing Loans 90 days or more overdue:	\$ 8,674	9,232
Mortgage loans	707	818
Commercial loans	471	376
Consumer loans	256	243
Total	\$ 1,434	1,437
Real estate and other assets owned, net	852	593
Total non-performing loans, and real estate and other assets owned, net	\$10,960	11,262
As a percentage of total assets	0.49%	0.53%
Interest Income (1)	\$ 486	658

The following table illustrates the loan loss experience:

ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSS	Nine months ended	Year ended
(Dollars in Thousands)	September 30, 2002	December 31, 2001
Balance at beginning of period	\$18,654	7,799
Charge offs:		
Residential real estate	(680)	(677)
Commercial loans	(1,039)	(723)
Consumer loans	(916)	(2,029)
Total charge offs	\$ (2,635)	(3,429)
Recoveries:		
Residential real estate	254	33
Commercial loans	261	266
Consumer loans	583	567
Total recoveries	\$ 1,098	866
Chargeoffs, net of recoveries	(1,537)	(2,563)
Purchased reserve		8,893
Provision	4,225	4,525

\$21,342

0.16%

18,654

0.20%

The following table summarizes the allocation of the allowance for loan losses:

Ratio of net charge offs to average loans outstanding during the period

Balance at end of period

	September 30, 2002		December	December 31, 2001	
		Percent		Percent	
(Dollars in thousands)	Allowance	of loans in category	Allowance	of loans in category	
Residential first mortgage	\$ 2,604	28.4%	2,722	31.5%	
Commercial real estate	6,859	29.3%	5,906	28.3%	
Other commercial	7,945	20.7%	6,225	18.0%	
Consumer	3,934	21.6%	3,801	22.2%	
Totals	\$21,342	100.0%	18,654	100.0%	

8) Deposits

The following table illustrates the amounts outstanding for deposits greater than \$100,000 at September 30, 2002, according to the time remaining to maturity:

(Dollars in thousands)	Certificates of Deposit	Demand Deposits	Totals
Within three months	\$24,794	388,550	413,344
Three to six months	16,483	_	16,483
Seven to twelve months	20,065	_	20,065
Over twelve months	16,139	_	16,139
Totals	\$77,481	388,550	466,031

9) Advances and Other Borrowings

The following chart illustrates the average balances and the maximum outstanding month-end balances for FHLB advances and repurchase agreements:

(Dollars in thousands)	September 30, 2002	December 31, 2001
FHLB Advances		
Amount outstanding at end of period	\$402,367	367,295
Average balance	\$394,270	349,023
Maximum outstanding at any month-end	\$433,262	416,222
Weighted average interest rate	4.26%	5.24%
Repurchase Agreements:		
Amount outstanding at end of period	\$ 33,572	32,585
Average balance	\$ 33,685	27,375
Maximum outstanding at any month-end	\$ 41,113	37,814
Weighted average interest rate	1.72%	2.11%

10) Stockholders' Equity:

The Federal Reserve Board has adopted capital adequacy guidelines that are used to assess the adequacy of capital in supervising a bank holding company. The following table illustrates the Federal Reserve Board's capital adequacy guidelines and the Company's compliance with those guidelines as of September 30, 2002:

CONSOLIDATED

(Dollars in thousands)	Tier 1 (Core) Capital	Tier 2 (Total) Capital	Leverage Capital
GAAP Capital	\$ 206,192	206,192	206,192
Less: Goodwill and intangibles	(40,370)	(40,370)	(40,370)
Accumulated other comprehensive gain on AFS securities	(11,651)	(11,651)	(11,651)
Plus: Allowance for loan losses	_	18,887	
Trust preferred securities	35,000	35,000	35,000
Other Adjustments	_	110	_
Regulatory capital computed	\$ 189,171	208,168	189,171
Risk weighted assets	\$1,508,540	1,508,540	
Total average assets			\$2,127,792
Capital as % of defined assets	12.54%	13.80%	8.89%
Regulatory "well capitalized" requirement	6.00%	10.00%	5.00%
Excess over "well capitalized" requirement	6.54%	3.80%	3.89%

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11) Comprehensive Earnings:

The Company's only component of other comprehensive earnings is the unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities.

	For the thi ended Sep	ree months tember 30,		
Dollars in thousands	2002	2001	2002	2001
Net earnings	\$ 8,616	5,707	23,641	15,229
Unrealized holding gain arising during the period	7,989	3,694	16,354	6,561
Tax expense	(3,153)	!1,485)	(6,460)	(2,590)
Net after tax	4,836	2,209	9,894	3,971
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income	· <u>—</u>	24	2	88
Tax expense	_	(9)	(1)	(34)
Net after tax		15		 54
Net unrealized gain on securities	4,836	2,224	9,895	4,025
Total comprehensive earnings	\$13,452	7,931	33,536	19,254

The Company evaluates segment performance internally based on individual bank charters, and thus the operating segments are so defined. The following schedule provides selected financial data for the Company's operating segments. Centrally provided services to the Banks are allocated based on estimated usage of those services. The operating segment identified as "Other" includes the Parent, non-bank units, and eliminations of transactions between segments. During the third quarter of 2001, certain branches of Western were transferred to other Company owned banks located in the same geographic area which accounted for the change in activity for certain segments.

Nine months ended and as of September 30, 2002

(Dollars in thousands)	Glacier	First Security	Western	Mountain West	Big Sky
Revenues from external customers	\$ 28,245	25,651	20,423	18,920	9,517
Intersegment revenues Expenses Intercompany eliminations	247 20,882 —	82 19,723 —	8 16,338 —	16,041 —	7,485 —
Net income	\$ 7,610	6,010	4,093	2,879	2,032
Total Assets	\$486,924	481,290	399,316	387,089	175,368
		Valley	Whitefish	Other	Total Consolidated
Revenues from external customers	-	9,720	6,360	218	119,054
Intersegment revenues		103	_	29,867	30,307
Expenses Intercompany eliminations		8,201 —	4,762 —	1,981 (30,307)	95,413 (30,307)
Net income		1,622	1,598	(2,203)	23,641
Total Assets		1821,356	123,551	(12,065)	2,223,829

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Nine months	ended and	as of	Sentember	30 2001
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Glacier	First Security	Western	Mountain West	Big Sky
\$ 30,584	18,552	33,079	15,278	6,723
937	14	169	192	2
25,707	14,743	29,476	15,108	5,756
\$ 5,814	3,823	3,772	362	969
\$528,848	422,687	381,994	318,159	166,879
	Valley	Whitefish	Other	Total Consolidated
	8,074	6,255	270	118,815
	125	14	20,216	21,669
	6,870	4,995	931	103,586
	_	_	(21,669)	(21,669)
	1,329	1,274	(2,114)	15,229
	\$ 30,584 937 25,707 — \$ 5,814	\$ 30,584 18,552 937 14 25,707 14,743 — — \$ 5,814 3,823 \$ \$528,848 422,687	Glacier Security Western \$ 30,584 18,552 33,079 937 14 169 25,707 14,743 29,476 — — \$ 5,814 3,823 3,772 \$ 528,848 422,687 381,994 Valley Whitefish 8,074 6,255 125 14 6,870 4,995 — —	Glacier Security Western West \$ 30,584 18,552 33,079 15,278 937 14 169 192 25,707 14,743 29,476 15,108 — — — \$ 5,814 3,823 3,772 362 \$ 528,848 422,687 381,994 318,159 Valley Whitefish Other 8,074 6,255 270 125 14 20,216 6,870 4,995 931 — — (21,669)

Three months ended and as of September 30, 2002

(Dollars in thousands)	Glacier	First Security	Western	Mountain West	Big Sky
Revenues from external customers	\$ 9,589	8,633	6,762	6,467	3,232
Intersegment revenues	77	33	_	_	_
Expenses	6,929	6,549	5,268	5,425	2,478
Intercompany eliminations	<u> </u>				
Net income	\$ 2,737	2,117	1,494	1,042	754

	- —			
	Valley	Whitefish	Other	Total Consolidated
Revenues from external customers	3,303	2,177	123	40,286
Intersegment revenues	33	_	10,850	10,993
Expenses	2,874	1,594	553	31,670
Intercompany eliminations	_	_	(10,993)	(10,993)
Net income	462	583	(573)	8,616
Total Assets	182,356	123,551	(12,065)	2,223,829

\$486,924

481,290

14

399,316

387,089

175,368

(Dollars in thousands)	Glacier	First Security	Western	Mountain West	Big Sky
Revenues from external customers	\$ 10,792	8,230	9,366	5,872	3,130
Intersegment revenues	478	3	161	_	2
Expenses	9,025	6,530	8,796	5,615	2,567
Intercompany eliminations	_	· —	· —	_	_
Net income	\$ 2,245	1,703	731	257	565
Total Assets	\$528,848	422,687	381,994	318,159	166,879
		Valley	Whitefish	Other	Total Consolidated
Revenues from external customers	•	3,386	2,249	(130)	42,895
Intersegment revenues		59	8	7,557	8,268
Expenses		2,889	1,791	(25)	37,188
Intercompany eliminations		_	_	(8,268)	(8,268)
Net income		556	466	(816)	5,707
Total Assets		165,859	122,991	(12,452)	2,094,965

13) Rate/Volume Analysis

Total Assets

Net interest income can be evaluated from the perspective of relative dollars of change in each period. Interest income and interest expense, which are the components of net interest income, are shown in the following table on the basis of the amount of any increases (or decreases) attributable to changes in the dollar levels of the Company's interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities ("Volume") and the yields earned and rates paid on such assets and liabilities ("Rate"). The change in interest income and interest expense attributable to changes in both volume and rates has been allocated proportionately to the change due to volume and the change due to rate.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2002 vs. 2001 Increase (Decrease) due to:

(Dollars in Thousands)	Volume	Rate	Net
Interest Income			
Real Estate Loans	\$ (2,691)	(1,369)	(4,060)
Commercial Loans	6,854	(6,290)	564
Consumer and Other Loans	(110)	(1,969)	(2,079)
Investment Securities	6,898	(3,047)	3,851
Total Interest Income	10,951	(12,675)	(1,724)
Interest Expense			
NOW Accounts	219	(1,048)	(829)
Savings Accounts	349	(1,172)	(823)
Money Market Accounts	2,280	(4,487)	(2,207)
Certificates of Deposit	(1,555)	(7,292)	(8,847)
FHLB Advances	1,941	(3,435)	(1,494)
Other Borrowings and Repurchase Agreements	463	(658)	(195)
Total Interest Expense	3,697	(18,092)	(14,395)
Net Interest Income	\$ 7,254	5,417	12,671

14) Average Balance Sheet

The following schedule provides (i) the total dollar amount of interest and dividend income of the Company for earning assets and the resultant average yield; (ii) the total dollar amount of interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities and the resultant average rate; (iii) net interest and dividend income; (iv) interest rate spread; and (v) net interest margin. Non-accrual loans are included in the average balance of the loans.

	For the	e Nine months ended 9-30	-02	For the year ended 12-31-01			
AVERAGE BALANCE SHEET (Dollars in Thousands)	Average Balance	Interest and Dividends	Average Yield/ Rate	Average Balance	Interest and Dividends	Average Yield/ Rate	
ASSETS							
Real Estate Loans	\$ 383,386	22,253	7.74%	\$ 428,999	34,012	7.93%	
Commercial Loans	641,598	35,088	7.31%	556,907	48,292	8.67%	
Consumer and Other Loans	289,616	17,142	7.91%	292,732	25,528	8.72%	
Total Loans	1,314,600	74,483	7.58%	1,278,638	107,832	8.43%	
Investment Securities	637,052	25,931	5.43%	501,927	30,088	5.99%	
Total Earning Assets	1,951,652	100,414	6.86%	1,780,565	137,920	7.75%	
Non-Earning Assets	171,838			165,687			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,123,490			\$1,946,252			
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY							
NOW Accounts	\$ 204,993	578	0.38%	\$ 183,399	1,758	0.96%	
Savings Accounts	127,245	676	0.71%	102,736	1,855	1.81%	
Money Market Accounts	349,620	5,316	2.03%	287,150	9,575	3.33%	
Certificates of Deposit	506,989	13,974	3.69%	552,469	29,504	5.34%	
FHLB Advances	394,270	12,555	4.26%	349,023	18,280	5.24%	
Repurchase Agreements and Other Borrowed	•	,		,	•		
Funds	74,188	3,216	5.80%	66,658	4,574	6.86%	
Total Interest Bearing Liabilities	1,657,305	36,315	2.93%	1,541,435	65,546	4.25%	
Non-interest Bearing Deposits	247,358			216,238			
Other Liabilities	26,844			27,847			
Other Liabilities	20,044						
Total Liabilities	1,931,507			1,785,520			
Common Stock	171			157			
Paid-In Capital	169,789			152,420			
Retained Earnings	16,921			5,929			
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Earnings	5,102			2,226			
Total Stockholders' Equity	191,983			160,732			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND							
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$2,123,490			\$1,946,252			
Net Interest Income		\$ 64,099			\$ 72,374		
Net Interest Spread			3.93%			3.49%	
Net Interest Margin on average earning assets			4.38%			4.06%	
Return on Average Assets			1.48%			1.11%	
Return on Average Equity			16.42%			13.49%	
		16					

15) Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In July 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement 141, *Business Combinations*, and Statement 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*. In October 2002, FASB issued Statement 147, *Acquisitions of Certain Financial Institutions*. Statement 141 requires that the purchase method of accounting be used for all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001 as well as all purchase method business combinations completed after June 30, 2001. Statement 141 also specifies criteria that intangible assets acquired in a purchase method business combination must meet to be recognized and reported apart from goodwill. Statement 142 requires that goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives no longer be amortized, but instead tested for impairment at least annually in accordance with the provisions of Statement 142. However, goodwill recognized in connection with a branch acquisition will follow Statement 147, which states that if certain criteria are met in Statement 147, the amount of unidentifiable intangible asset will be reclassified to goodwill upon adoption of that Statement and follow Statement 142. Prior to October 2002, goodwill associated with branch acquisitions was subject to the provisions of Statement 72, *Accounting for Certain Acquisitions of Banking or Thrift Institutions*, which required amortization of the unidentifiable intangible asset. In addition,

financial institutions meeting the requirements of Statement 147 will be required to restate previously issued financial statements. The objective of that restatement requirement is to present the balance sheet and income statement as if the amount accounted for under Statement 72 as an unidentifiable intangible asset had been reclassified to goodwill as of the date Statement 142 was initially applied. Statement 142 also requires that intangible assets with definite useful lives be amortized over their respective estimated useful lives to their estimated residual values, and reviewed for impairment in accordance with Statement 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*. The Company adopted the provisions of Statement 141 immediately, and Statement 142 and 144 effective January 1, 2002. Statement 147 was adopted October 1, 2002 and retroactively applied to January 1, 2002.

Statement 141 required upon adoption of Statement 142 that the Company evaluate its existing intangible assets and goodwill that were acquired in a prior purchase business combination, and to make any necessary reclassifications in order to conform with the new criteria in Statement 141 for recognition apart from goodwill. The Company was required to reassess the useful lives and residual values of all intangible assets acquired in purchase business combinations, and make any necessary amortization period adjustments by the end of the first interim period after adoption (March 31, 2002). In addition, to the extent an intangible asset was identified as having an indefinite useful life, the Company was required to test the intangible asset for impairment in accordance with the provisions of Statement 142 within the first interim period. Any impairment loss would be measured as of the date of adoption and recognized as the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle in the first interim period.

In connection with the transitional goodwill impairment evaluation, Statement 142 required the Company to perform an assessment of whether there was an indication that goodwill was impaired as of the date of adoption. To accomplish this, the Company identified its reporting units and determined the carrying value of each reporting unit by assigning the assets and liabilities, including the existing goodwill and intangible assets, to those reporting units as of the date of adoption. The Company had up to six months from the date of adoption (June 30, 2002) to determine the fair value of each reporting unit and compare it to the reporting unit's carrying amount. To the extent a reporting unit's carrying amount exceeded its fair value, an indication exists that the reporting unit's goodwill may be impaired and the Company must perform the second step of the transitional impairment test. In the second step, the Company must compare the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill, determined by allocating the reporting unit's fair value to all of its assets and liabilities in a manner similar to a purchase price allocation in accordance with Statement 141, to its carrying amount, both of which would be measured as of the date of adoption (January 1, 2002). This second step, if necessary, is required to be completed as soon as possible, but no later than the end of the year of adoption (December 31, 2002). Any transitional impairment loss will be recognized as the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

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As of September 30, 2002, the Company has identified its reporting units as its banking subsidiaries and has allocated goodwill accordingly. Intangibles with definite useful lives have been re-assessed and the useful lives and residual values were determined to be adequate. Intangibles with indefinite useful lives have been tested for impairment loss. The Company estimated the fair value of each reporting unit, and determined that each unit's fair value exceeds the carrying value of each reporting unit, and consequently no impairment is evident at this time. The Company has evaluated the goodwill recognized in connection with branch acquisitions and determined that it meets the criteria of statement 147, and therefore the unidentifiable intangible asset has been reclassified to goodwill and is subject to Statement 142. The reclassification was retroactively applied to January 1, 2002, which resulted in the restatement of previously filed financial statements. On an annual basis, prior to the end of the third quarter, the Company will revaluate the useful lives, residual value, and test goodwill for impairment, as required by Statement 142.

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's core deposit intangibles and mortgage servicing rights:

(Dollars in thousands)	Core Deposit Intangible	Mortgage Servicing Rights(1)	Total	
Gross carrying value	\$ 9,836		-	
Accumulated Amortization	(2,655)			
Net carrying value	\$ 7,181	2,188	9,299	
eighted–Average amortization period				
(Period in years)	10.0	8.8	9.7	
ggregate Amortization Expense				
For the three months ended September 30, 2002	\$ 359	115	474	
For the nine months ended September 30, 2002	\$ 1,080	301	1,38	
timated Amortization Expense				
For the year ended December 31, 2002	\$ 1,439	294	1,73	
For the year ended December 31, 2003	1,219	280	1,49	
For the year ended December 31, 2004	1,011	267	1,27	
For the year ended December 31, 2005	847	253	1,10	
For the year ended December 31, 2006	779	239	1,01	

(1) Gross carrying value and accumulated amortization are not readily available

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The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 are as follows.

	Balance	Goodwill	Balance
(Dollars in thousands)	At 12/31/2001	Adjustments 2002(1)	At 9/30/2002
Parent	\$ 2,151	(2,151)	_
Glacier Bank	4,074	10	4,084
First Security	3,796	861	4,657

Western	4,193	(345)	3,848
Mountain	16,818	_	16,818
Big Sky	1,752	_	1,752
Valley	726	1,044	1,770
Whitefish	_	260	260
	\$33,510	(321)	33,189

⁽¹⁾ Adjustments are purchase accounting adjustments and recovery of contingencies related to the WesterFed Financial Corporation acquisition on February 28, 2001 and reclassification of goodwill from the parent to the apropriate subsidiary.

The following pro forma information presents the consolidated results of operations as if the adoption of Statement 142 and 147 had occurred on January 1, 2001. The table is for comparison purposes only:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2002	2001	2002	2001
Reported net income Add back goodwill amortization, net of tax	\$8,616	5,707 395	23,641	15,229 995
Adjusted net income	\$8,616	6,102	23,641	16,224
	F	or the Three Month	s Ended September	30,
	2	002	2	001
	Basic EPS	Diluted EPS	Basic EPS	Diluted EPS
Reported net income Add back goodwill amortization, net of tax	\$0.50	0.49	0.34 0.03	0.33 0.03
Adjusted net income	\$0.50	0.49	0.37	0.36
	Fo	or the Nine Months	Ended September 3	60,
	20	02	20	001
	Basic EPS	Diluted EPS	Basic EPS	Diluted EPS
Reported net income Add back goodwill amortization, net of tax	\$1.38	1.36	0.99 0.07	0.96 0.07
Adjusted net income	\$1.38	1.36	1.06	1.03

The following table illustrates the affect of the adoption of Statement 147, which was retroactively applied to January 1, 2002.

	Three	Three	Six
(Dollars in thousands)	months ended	months ended	months ended
	Mar 31, 2002	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2002
Reported net income	\$6,748	7,979	14,727
Add back goodwill amortization, net of tax	149	149	298
Adjusted net income	\$6,897	8,128	15,025

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Financial Condition

This section discusses the changes in Statement of Financial Condition items from September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2001, to September 30, 2002.

Assets (\$ in thousands)	September 30, 2002	December 31, 2001	September 30, 2001	\$ change from December 31, 2001	\$ change from September 30, 2001
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 62,723	73,456	64,064	(10,733)	(1,341)
Investment securities and interest bearing deposits	673,885	532,548	510,530	141,337	163,355

Loans:					
Real estate	383,890	421,996	441,232	(38,106)	(57,342)
Commercial and Agricultural	674,139	620,134	627,110	54,005	47,029
Consumer	291,164	298,851	308,010	(7,687)	(16,846)
m - 11	1.040.400	1.0.10.001	4.050.050		(05.450)
Total loans	1,349,193	1,340,981	1,376,352	8,212	(27,159)
Allowance for loan losses	(21,342)	(18,654)	(18,528)	(2,688)	(2,814)
	1 225 051	4 222 227	1 257 024	<u> </u>	(20.052)
Total loans net of allowance for loan losses	1,327,851	1,322,327	1,357,824	5,524	(29,973)
Other assets	159,355	157,416	162,547	1,939	(3,192)
Office assets			102,547		(5,152)
Total Assets	\$2,223,814	2,085,747	2,094,965	138,067	128,849

At September 30, 2002 total assets were \$2.224 billion which is \$129 million larger than the September 30, 2001 assets of \$2.095 billion, an increase of 6 percent. Total assets have increased \$138 million from December 31, 2001.

Total loans, net of the allowance for loan losses, have decreased \$30 million from September 30, 2001. With lower interest rates during the past year a large number of real estate loans have been refinanced, which coupled with our decision to sell the majority of the real estate loan production, has resulted in a reduction in real estate loans of \$57 million. Total loans, net of the allowance for loan losses, have increased \$6 million from December 31, 2001, partly due to the increase in commercial loans which have increased \$54 million and continue to be the lending focus. Consumer loans have declined \$17 million, since September 30, 2001, of which \$8 million of the decline occurred in 2002, with a significant portion of the decline attributed to the planned runoff in the WesterFed auto dealer originated consumer loans. We are focusing on home-equity loans as the primary source for the consumer loan portfolio.

Investment securities, including interest bearing deposits in other financial institutions, have increased \$163 million from September 30, 2001, of which \$141 million occurred in 2002. Much of the cash received from the reduction in real estate loans has been redeployed in mortgage related investment securities with characteristics that result in less interest rate risk than retaining 30 year loans.

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The Company typically sells a majority of mortgage loans originated, retaining servicing only on loans sold to certain lenders. The sale of loans in the secondary mortgage market reduces the Company's risk of increases in interest rates of holding long-term, fixed rate loans in the loan portfolio. The Company has also been active in generating commercial SBA loans. A portion of some of those loans are sold to other investors. The amount of loans sold and serviced for others on September 30, 2002 was approximately \$265 million.

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	\$ change from December 31,	\$ change from September 30,
Liabilities (\$ in thousands)	2002	2001	2001	2001	2001
Deposits — non–interest bearing	\$ 292,653	234,318	244,450	58,335	48,203
Deposits — interest bearing	1,206,000	1,211,746	1,209,469	(5,746)	(3,469)
Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank	402,367	367,295	360,654	35,072	41,713
Other borrowed funds	50,371	33,645	41,412	16,726	8,959
Other liabilities	31,231	26,760	32,385	4,471	(1,154)
Trust preferred securities	35,000	35,000	35,000	_	_
				-	
Total liabilities	\$2,017,622	1,908,764	1,963,370	108,858	94,252

Total deposits have increased \$45 and \$53 million from September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2001, respectively. Non-interest bearing deposits are up \$48 million, or 20 percent, and interest-bearing deposits are down \$3 million from September 30, 2001. Federal home loan bank advances, other borrowed funds, and repurchase agreements, have also increased \$51 million from September 30, 2001.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The objective of liquidity management is to maintain cash flows adequate to meet current and future needs for credit demand, deposit withdrawals, maturing liabilities and corporate operating expenses. The principal source of the Company's cash revenues is the dividends received from the Company's banking subsidiaries. The payment of dividends is subject to government regulation, in that regulatory authorities may prohibit banks and bank holding companies from paying dividends which would constitute an unsafe or unsound banking practice. The subsidiaries source of funds is generated by deposits, principal and interest payments on loans, sale of loans and securities, short and long-term borrowings, and net income. In addition, all seven banking subsidiaries are members of the FHLB. As of September 30, 2002, the Company had \$761 million of available FHLB line of which \$402 million was utilized. Accordingly, management of the Company has a wide range of versatility in managing the liquidity and asset/liability mix for each individual institution as well as the Company as a whole. During 2002, all seven financial institutions maintained liquidity and regulatory capital levels in excess of regulatory requirements and operational needs.

Commitment

In the normal course of business, there are various outstanding commitments to extend credit, such as letters of credit and unadvanced loan commitments, which are not reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Management does not anticipate any material losses as a result of these transactions.

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				\$ change from	\$ change from
Stockholders' equity	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
(\$ in thousands except per share data)	2002	2001	2001	2001	2001

Common equity Net unrealized gain on securities	\$194,541 11,651	175,227 1,756	167,312 4,283	19,314 9,895	27,229 7,368
Total stockholders' equity	\$206,192	176,983	171,595	29,209	34,597
Stockholders' equity to total assets	9.27%	8.49%	8.19%		
Tangible equity to total assets	7.59%	6.62%	6.22%		
Book value per common share	\$ 11.97	10.49	10.26	1.48	1.71
Tangible book value per common share	\$ 9.63	8.01	7.63	1.62	2.00

Each of the equity ratios and book value per share amounts have increased substantially from the prior year, primarily the result of earnings retention, stock options exercised, and net unrealized gains on securities. Our equity to asset ratio is near historic highs for the Company.

	September 30,	June 30,	December 31,	September 30,
Credit quality information (\$ in thousands)	2002	2002	2001	2001
Allowance for loan losses	\$21,342	19,941	18,654	18,528
Non–performing assets	\$10,960	9,214	11,262	11,089
Allowance as a percentage of non performing assets	194.73%	216.42%	165.64%	167.08%
Non–performing assets as a percentage of total assets	0.49%	0.43%	0.53%	0.53%
Allowance as a percentage of total loans	1.58%	1.52%	1.39%	1.35%

Allowance for Loan Loss and Non-Performing Assets

Non-performing assets as a percentage of total assets at September 30, 2002 were .49 percent versus .53 percent at the same time last year, which compares to the Peer Group average of .63 percent at June 30, 2002, the most recent information available. The allowance for loan losses was 195 percent of non-performing assets at September 30, 2002, up from 167 percent a year ago.

With the continuing change in loan mix from residential real estate to commercial and consumer loans, which historically have greater credit risk, the Company has increased the balance in the allowance for loan losses account. The allowance balance has increased \$2.814 million, or 15 percent over September 30, 2001, to \$21.342 million, which is 1.58 percent of total loans outstanding, up from 1.35 percent a year ago and 1.39 percent at December 31, 2001. The third quarter provision expense for loan losses was \$1.665 million, an increase of \$659 thousand from the same quarter in 2001.

The 2002 provision expense for loan losses through September was \$4.225 million which is an increase of \$796 thousand over the first nine months of 2001. The reserve has increased because of the increased percentage of commercial loans which historically carry a higher risk profile than residential real estate loans which now comprise a smaller percentage of the loans outstanding. Net charged off loans as a percentage of loans outstanding were .11 for the first nine months of 2002 which is down from .12 for the same period in 2001.

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Critical Accounting Policies

Companies may apply certain critical accounting policies requiring management to make subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to estimate the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. The Company considers its only critical accounting policy to be the allowance for loan losses. The allowance for loan losses is established through a provision for loan losses charged against earnings. The balance of allowance for loan losses is maintained at the amount management believes will be adequate to absorb known and inherent losses in the loan portfolio. The appropriate balance of allowance for loan losses is determined by applying estimated loss factors to the credit exposure from outstanding loans. Estimated loss factors are based on subjective measurements including management's assessment of the internal risk classifications, changes in the nature of the loan portfolio, industry concentrations and the impact of current local, regional and national economic factors on the quality of the loan portfolio. Changes in these estimates and assumptions are reasonably possible and may have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements, results of operation or liquidity.

Results of Operations – The three months ended September 30, 2002 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2001.

	Three months ended September 30,				
Revenue summary (\$ in thousands)	2002	2001	\$ change	% change	
Net interest income	\$22,131	19,199	2,932	15.3%	
Fees and other revenue:					
Service charges, loan fees, and other fees	4,757	4,265	492	11.5%	
Gain on sale of loans	1,225	1,111	114	10.3%	
Other income	475	419	56	13.4%	
Total non–interest income	6,457	5,795	662	11.4%	
Total revenue	\$28,588	24,994	3,594	14.4%	
	4.500/	2.020/			
Tax equivilent net interest margin	4.58%	3.93%			

Net Interest Income

Net interest income for the quarter increased \$2.932 million, or 15 percent, over the same period in 2001. Total interest income is \$3.271 million, or 9 percent lower that the same quarter in 2001, while total interest expense is \$6.203 million, or 35 percent lower. The increase in non-interest bearing deposits contributed to the reduced

interest expense. Lower interest rates in 2002 have also reduced interest income and interest expense. The net interest margin as a percentage of earning assets, on a tax equivalent basis, increased from 3.9 percent for the 2001 quarter to 4.6 percent in 2002. The net interest margin for the third quarter was the same as the prior quarter and an increase over the 4.4 percent margin in the first quarter of 2002.

Non-interest Income

Fee income increased 12 percent over the same period last year, driven primarily by increased deposit account activity, increases in service fee rates, and interchange fees on electronic check cards. The increase in gain on sale of loans reflects the low level of mortgage rates and resulting purchase and refinancing activity. Other non-interest income increases were from a variety of volume related activity increases over this quarter of last year.

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	Three months ended September 30,					
Non–interest expense summary (\$ in thousands)	2002	2001	\$ change	% change		
Compensation and employee benefits	\$ 7,541	7,392	149	2.0%		
Occupancy and equipment expense	2,340	2,187	153	7.0%		
Outsourced data processing expense	547	707	(160)	-22.6%		
Core deposit intangible amortization	359	383	(24)	-6.3%		
Goodwill amortization	_	492	(492)	-100.0%		
Other expenses	3,209	3,948	(739)	-18.7%		
Total non–interest expense	\$13,996	15,109	(1,113)	-7.4%		

Non-interest Expense

Non-interest expense decreased by \$1.113 million, or 7 percent, from the same quarter of 2001, however, 2001 includes \$325 thousand in merger and conversion expense, and \$492 thousand in goodwill amortization. The decrease in goodwill amortization is the result of the adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 142 and 147, see footnote 15 for further information. During the third quarter of 2002 there was a \$323 thousand reversal of a merger related accrual, so non-interest expense from operations is \$27 thousand higher than last year. During the third quarter of 2001 the data processing functions for Western Security Bank were converted to our in-house system. This has reduced the outsourced data processing costs and increased compensation and benefits expense. Compensation and benefit expense has increased \$149 thousand, or 2 percent from the third quarter of 2001. Core deposit intangible asset amortization was \$359 thousand which is a decrease of \$24 thousand from the prior year. The efficiency ratio (non-interest expense/net interest income + non-interest income) was 49 percent ratio for the 2002 quarter which is an improvement over the 60 percent ratio for the quarter in 2001.

Results of Operations – The nine months ended September 30, 2002 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2001.

D C	Nine months ended September 30,					
Revenue Summary (\$ in thousands)	2002	2001	\$ change	% change		
Net interest income Fees and other revenue:	\$64,099	51,428	12,671	24.6%		
Service charges, loan fees, and other fees	13,388	11,737	1,651	14.1%		
Gain on sale of loans	3,497	2,766	731	26.4%		
Other income	1,755	2,173	(418)	-19.2%		
Total non-interest income	18,640	16,676	1,964	11.8%		
Total revenue	\$82,739	68,104	14,635	21.5%		
Tax equivilent net interest margin	4.52%	3.99%				

Net Interest Income

Net interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 was \$64.099 million, an increase of \$12.671 million, or 25 percent over the same nine months of 2001. The WesterFed acquisition on February 28, 2001, and the Idaho and Utah branch acquisitions in March 2001 are the primary reasons for the increase. Interest income has decreased \$1.724 million, or 2 percent, while interest expense has declined \$14.395 million, or 28 percent. The increase in non-interest bearing deposits and significant reductions in rates paid on deposits and borrowed funds, are the primary reasons for the decreased interest expense. As a percentage of earning assets, on a tax equivalent basis, the year-to-date interest margin has improved from 4.0 percent to 4.5 percent.

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Non-interest Income

Fee income increased \$1.651 million, or 14 percent, primarily the result of the acquisition in the later part of the first quarter in 2001. Gain on sale of loans increased \$731 thousand, or 26 percent. Mortgage interest rates have been very attractive to consumers during the past year and have led to higher levels of mortgage originations from both purchases and refinances. Included in other income in 2001 was a \$511 thousand gain-on-sale of the Glacier Bank Cut Bank office, as a result other income was \$93 thousand higher this year.

Non-interest expense summary				
(\$ in thousands)	2002	2001	\$ change	% change
Compensation and employee benefits	\$22,856	20,182	2,674	13.2%
Occupancy and equipment expense	6,965	6,147	818	13.3%
Outsourced data processing expense	1,508	2,007	(499)	-24.9%
Core deposit intangible amortization	1,080	957	123	12.9%
Goodwill amortization	_	1,229	(1,229)	-100.0%
Other expenses	10,294	10,462	(168)	-1.6%
	·			
Total non-interest expense	\$42,703	40,984	1,719	4.2%

Non-interest Expense

Non-interest expense increased \$1.719 million, or 4 percent, over 2001, however, 2001 also includes \$1.250 million in merger and conversion expense, and goodwill amortization of \$1.229 million, and 2002 includes a reversal of a merger related accrual of \$323 thousand, so non-interest expense from operations has increased \$4.521 million over last year. The 2001 acquisitions are much of the reason for this increase. The decrease in goodwill amortization is the result of the adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 142 and 147, see footnote 15 for further information. During the third quarter of 2001 the data processing functions for Western Security Bank were converted to the in-house system. This has reduced the outsourced data processing costs and increased compensation and benefits expense. Core deposit asset amortization was \$1.080 million, which is an increase of \$123 thousand. The efficiency ratio in 2002 is 52 percent which is an improvement over the 60 percent ratio in 2001.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

Market Risk:

Market risk is the risk of loss in a financial instrument arising from adverse changes in market rates/prices such as interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices, and equity prices. The Company's primary market risk exposure is interest rate risk. The ongoing monitoring and management of this risk is an important component of the Company's asset/liability management process which is governed by policies established by its Board of Directors that are reviewed and approved annually. The Board of Directors delegates responsibility for carrying out the asset/liability management policies to the Asset/Liability Committee (ALCO). In this capacity ALCO develops guidelines and strategies impacting the Company's asset/liability management related activities based upon estimated market risk sensitivity, policy limits and overall market interest rate levels/trends.

Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk represents the sensitivity of earnings to changes in market interest rates. As interest rates change the interest income and expense streams associated with the Company's financial instruments also change thereby impacting net interest income (NII), the primary component of the Company's earnings. ALCO utilizes the results of a detailed and dynamic simulation model to quantify the estimated exposure of NII to sustained interest rate changes. While ALCO routinely monitors simulated NII sensitivity over a rolling two-year horizon, it also utilizes additional tools to monitor potential longer-term interest rate risk.

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The simulation model captures the impact of changing interest rates on the interest income received and interest expense paid on all assets and liabilities reflected on the Company's balance sheet. This sensitivity analysis is compared to ALCO policy limits which specify a maximum tolerance level for NII exposure over a one year horizon, assuming no balance sheet growth, given a 200 basis point (bp) upward and 100 bp downward shift in interest rates. A parallel and pro rata shift in rates over a 12 month period is assumed. The following reflects the Company's NII sensitivity analysis as of June 30, 2002, the most recent information available, as compared to the 10% Board approved policy limit (dollars in thousands). There have been no significant changes in operation or the market that would materially affect the estimated sensitivity. The table illustrates the estimated change in net interest income over a twelve month period based on the nine months activity ended September 30, 2002.

Interest Rate Sensitivity	+200 bp	-100 bp
Estimated sensitivity	-2.58%	0.80%
Estimated increase (decrease) in net interest income	\$(2,205)	684

The preceding sensitivity analysis does not represent a Company forecast and should not be relied upon as being indicative of expected operating results. These hypothetical estimates are based upon numerous assumptions including: the nature and timing of interest rate levels including yield curve shape, prepayments on loans and securities, deposit decay rates, pricing decisions on loans and deposits, reinvestment/replacement of assets and liability cashflows, and others. While assumptions are developed based upon current economic and local market conditions, the Company cannot make any assurances as to the predictive nature of these assumptions including how customer preferences or competitor influences might change.

Also, as market conditions vary from those assumed in the sensitivity analysis, actual results will also differ due to: prepayment/refinancing levels likely deviating from those assumed, the varying impact of interest rate change caps or floors on adjustable rate assets, the potential effect of changing debt service levels on customers with adjustable rate loans, depositor early withdrawals and product preference changes, and other internal/external variables. Furthermore, the sensitivity analysis does not reflect actions that ALCO might take in responding to or anticipating changes in interest rates.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have reviewed and evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 240.13a-14(c) and 15d-14(c)) as of a date within 90 days before the filing date of this quarterly report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's current disclosure controls and procedures are effective and timely, providing them with material information relating to the Company required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange act.

Changes in Internal Controls

There have not been any significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation. We are not aware of any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses, therefore no corrective actions were taken.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

There are no pending material legal proceedings to which the registrant or its subsidiaries are a party.

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Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds

None

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Securities Holders

None

Item 5. Other Information

None

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit 99 – Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes – Oxley Act of 2002

(b) Current Report on Form 8-K

None

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly cause this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GLACIER BANCORP, INC.

November 11, 2002

By: /s/ Michael J. Blodnick

Michael J. Blodnick President/CEO

November 11, 2002

By: /s/ James H. Strosahl

James H. Strosahl Executive Vice President/CFO

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I, Michael J. Blodnick, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Glacier Bancorp, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date:

- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
- 6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

November 11, 2002

By: /s/ Michael J. Blodnick

Michael J. Blodnick

President/CEO

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I, James H. Strosahl, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Glacier Bancorp, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
- 6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

November 11, 2002

By: /s/ James H. Strosahl

James H. Strosahl
Executive Vice President/CFO

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TOSECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Glacier Bancorp, Inc. (the "Company") on form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2002, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), we, Michael J. Blodnick, President and Chief Executive Officer, and James H. Strosahl, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, of Glacier Bancorp, Inc., certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1)	The Report fully	complies with the	requirements of Sectio	n 13(a) or 15(d) o	of the Securities Exchang	se Act of 1934 (15 II S C 78m	or 780(d)): and
(4	L)	The report runy	Compiles with the	requirements of occur	m ro(u) or ro(u)	of the occurred Exchang	C IICI OI IJJT (10 0.0.0. / 0111	or / oo(u)), and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

November 11, 2002

Ву:	/s/ Michael J. Blodnick
	Michael J. Blodnick President/CEO
Ву:	/s/ James H. Strosahl
	James H. Strosahl Executive Vice President/CFO