Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K/A

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): February 28, 2001

GLACIER BANCORP, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

000-18911

(Commission File Number)

81-0519541 IRS Employer Identification No.

49 Commons Loop Kalispell, MT 59901 (Address of principal executive offices) (zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 406-756-4200

## ITEM 7 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EXHIBITS

- (a) Financial statements -- Consolidated balance sheets of WesterFed Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2000 and 1999 and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity and comprehensive income, and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31,1999 and the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998.
- (b) Pro forma financial information -- Unaudited Combined Condensed Pro Forma Statement of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2000 and Unaudited Combined Condensed Pro Forma Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2000.
- (c) Exhibits:
  - (23) Consent of KPMG LLP, independent auditors for WesterFed Financial Corporation
  - (99) Press Release issued by Glacier Bancorp, Inc. and WesterFed Financial Corporation, dated March 1, 2001 \*
- \* Previously Filed

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## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Dated: May 3, 2001

GLACIER BANCORP, INC.

By: /s/ Michael J. Blodnick Michael J. Blodnick President and Chief Executive Officer

WESTERFED FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2000

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

The Board of Directors WesterFed Financial Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of WesterFed Financial Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2000 and 1999, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity and comprehensive income, and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of WesterFed Financial Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2000 and 1999, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Billings, Montana February 23, 2001

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

	December 31, 2000	December 31, 1999
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks Interest-bearing bank deposits	\$    17,400 2,545	20,233 5,910
Cash and cash equivalents	19,945	26,143
Interest-bearing deposits Investment securities available-for-sale (includes securities pledged to creditors with the right to sell or repledge of \$1,207 and \$0 at December 31, 2000 and 1999,	100	100
respectively) Investment securities, at amortized cost (estimated fair value of \$71,204 and \$87,121 at December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively; includes securities pledged to creditors with the right to sell or repledge of \$16,602 and \$0 at	140,945	187,488
December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively)	69,665	86,877
Loans available-for-sale	3,041	4,470
Loans receivable, net	623,131	616,281
Interest receivable	6,629	7,492
Stock in Federal Home Loan Bank of Seattle, at cost	13,062	15,154
Premises and equipment, net	25,110	27,477
Core deposit intangible	2,821	3,401
Goodwill	14,097	14,763
Cash surrender value of life insurance policies	8,562	8,164
Other assets	2,069	3,075
	\$   929,177 ========	1,000,885 =======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits	\$ 606,100	658,404
Repurchase agreements	9,032	7,731
Borrowed funds	198,571	227,078
Advances from borrowers for taxes and insurance	2,863	3,296
Income taxes current and deferred	1,376	597
Accrued interest payable	8,293	6,476
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	8,720	7,778
Total liabilities	834,955	911,360
		·····
Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized;		
none outstanding		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized; 5,989,145 shares issued, 4,116,373 outstanding at December 31, 2000;		
5,904,661 shares issued, 4,351,404 outstanding at December 31, 1999	57	56
Paid-in capital	71,115	70,040
Common stock acquired by ESOP/RRP Treasury stock, at cost; 1,872,772 and 1,553,257 at December 31, 2000 and	(1,825)	(2,090)
1999, respectively	(33,537)	(28,974)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	170	(2,930)
Retained earnings	58,242	53, 423
Total stockholders' equity	94,222	89,525
Commitments and contingencies		
-	\$ 929,177	1,000,885
Pook value per common share outstanding	========= ♥ 22 80	========= 20 57
Book value per common share outstanding	\$    22.89 =======	20.57 ======

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Year Ended	Six Months Ended	Year Ended	June 30,
	December 31, 2000	December 31, 1999	1999	1998
Interest income:				
Loans receivable Investment securities Interest-bearing deposits	\$ 52,714 17,326 175	25,980 9,274 172	53,773 16,081 606	56,261 17,256 675
Other	459	180	338	332
Total interest income	70,674	35,606	70,798	74,524
Interest expense:				
NOW and money market demand Savings Certificates of deposit	4,118 1,981 20,100	1,947 1,097 9,398	3,379 2,264 20,444	3,321 2,658 21,824
Borrowed funds and repurchase agreements	26,199 14,165	12,442 6,943	26,087 13,157	27,803 14,483
	14,105			
Total interest expense	40,364	19,385	39,244	42,286
Net interest income Provision for loan losses	30,310 2,600	16,221 880	31,554 1,300	32,238 840
Net interest income after provision for loan				
losses	27,710	15,341	30,254	31,398
Non-interest income:				
Loan origination fees on loans sold Service fees Net gain on sale of loans and securities available-for-sale	1,720 6,017 (699)	957 2,600 290	2,633 4,471 1,149	2,268 4,486 1,053
Net gain on sale of branchesOtherOther	1,878 593	118	 1,045	574
Total non-interest income	9,509	3,965	9,298	8,381
Non-interest expense:				
Compensation and employee benefitsNet occupancy expense of premises	11,945 1,843	6,156 781	13,695 2,035	13,149 2,153
Equipment and furnishings Data processing Deposit insurance premium	1,777 1,648 129	985 820 170	2,313 1,627 344	1,846 1,644 358
Intangibles amortization	1,245 662	673 475	1,443 616	1,391 789
Other	5,268	2,788	6,153	6,429
Total non-interest expense	24,517	12,848	28,226	27,759
Income before income taxes	12,702	6,458	11,326	12,020
Income taxes	4,883	2,483	4,403	4,760
Net income	\$ 7,819 =======	3,975 ======	6,923 ======	7,260 ======
Net income per common share:				
Basic	\$ 1.98 ======	0.93 =====	1.43 ======	1.37 ======
Diluted	\$ 1.91 ======	0.89 =====	1.37 ======	1.29 ======

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Common stock	Paid-in capital	ESOP/ RRP	Treasury stock	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Retained earnings	Total
Balance at June 30, 1997 Comprehensive income: Net income for the year ended	\$56	67,941	(2,936)	(3,081)	(35)	42,314	104,259
June 30, 1998 Unrealized gain on securities available-for-sale, net of						7,260	7,260
reclassification adjustment					58		58 
Total comprehensive income Purchase of treasury stock, at cost				(379)			7,318
17,500 shares ESOP shares committed to be released		425	227	(379)			(379) 652
		425					
Amortization of RRP Shares forfeited by RRP participants			188				188
(75 shares) Common stock options exercised				(1)			
(37,978 shares) Cash dividends declared (\$.54 per		557				(2, 205)	557
share)						(2,895)	(2,895)
Balance at June 30, 1998 Comprehensive income:	56	68,923	(2,520)	(3,461)	23	46,679	109,700
Net income for the year ended June 30, 1999 Unrealized loss on securities available-for-sale, net of						6,923	6,923
reclassification adjustment					(1,740)		(1,740)
Total comprehensive income Purchase of 1,082,854 shares of treasury stock, net of							5,183
acquisition costs of \$200 ESOP shares committed to be				(21,858)			(21,858)
released		245	227				472
Amortization of RRP Common stock options exercised			77				77
(36,116 shares) Cash dividends declared		404					404
(\$.62 per share)						(2,829)	(2,829)
Balance at June 30, 1999 Comprehensive income:	56	69,572	(2,216)	(25,319)	(1,717)	50,773	91,149
Net income for the six months ended December 31, 1999 Unrealized loss on securities						3,975	3,975
available-for-sale, net of reclassification adjustment Total comprehensive income Purchase of 219,006 shares of					(1,213)		(1,213) 2,762
ESOP shares committed to be				(3,655)			(3,655)
released		92	113				205
Amortization of RRP Common stock options exercised			13				13
(35,716 shares) Security Bancorp shares not		443					443
exchanged (3,862 shares) Cash dividends declared (\$0.315		(67)					(67)
per share)						(1,325)	(1,325)
Balance at December 31, 1999	56	70,040	(2,090)	(28,974)	(2,930)	53,423	89,525

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## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, CONCLUDED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

			/		Accumulated other		
	Common stock	Paid-in capital	ESOP/ RRP	Treasury stock	comprehensive income (loss)	Retained earnings	Total
Balance at December 31, 1999 Comprehensive income:	\$56	70,040	(2,090)	(28,974)	(2,930)	53,423	89,525
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2000 Unrealized gain on securities available -for-sale, net of reclassification						7,819	7,819
adjustment					3,100		3,100
Total comprehensive income Purchase of 319,515 shares of treasury							10,919
stock, at cost				(4,563)			(4,563)
ESOP shares committed to be released		163	227				390
Amortization of RRP Common stock options exercised			38				38
(84,484 shares) Cash dividends declared	1	912					913
(\$0.76 per share)						(3,000)	(3,000)
Palanaa at Dacambar 21 2000	 ¢=7		(1 005)		170		
Balance at December 31, 2000	\$57 ===	71,115 ======	(1,825) ======	(33,537) ======	170 ======	58,242 ======	94,222 ======

A summary of the reclassification amounts and related tax effects for other comprehensive income follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	Six Months Ended December 31,	Year Ended June 30,	
	2000	1999	1999	1998
Disclosure of reclassification amount: Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the period, net of income tax expense (benefit) of \$1,502, \$(742), \$(1,032), and \$73 for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998, respectively Reclassification adjustment for (gains) losses included in net income, net of income tax of \$(403), \$5, \$36 and \$37 for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998,	\$2,439	(1,205)	(1,685)	118
respectively	661	(8)	(55)	(60)
Net unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities	\$3,100 ======	(1,213)	(1,740) ======	58 ====

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Dollars in thousands)

	Year Ended			June 30,
	2000	1999	1999	1998
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 39,197	17,935	39,663	30,735
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Decrease (increase) in interest-bearing				
deposits Purchases of:		1,885	(1,885)	1,900
FHLB stock				(1,129)
Investment securities				(5,483)
Investment securities available-for-sale .	(18,738)	(40,864)	(204,637)	(150,269)
Proceeds from maturities:	0.010	20	7 000	10 010
Investment securities Investment securities available-for-sale .	3,813 3,865	38 11,600	7,636 127,651	16,316 70,545
Proceeds from sales of:	3,805	11,000	127,051	70, 545
Investment securities available-for-sale .	50,467	3,314	21,961	19,287
Real estate owned	215	321	204	
Principal payments from:				
Investment securities	13,968	6,151	18,782	15,661
Investment securities available-for-sale .	14,655	8,053	13,729	11,392
Redemption of FHLB stock	3,000			
Decrease (increase) in loans receivable, net Proceeds from sales of premises and	(20,757)	10,532	21,557	(24,516)
equipment	1,057	33	611	1,162
Purchases of premises and equipment Purchase of life insurance policies Disposition of branches, net of cash	(1,621) 	(317) (1,087)	(1,003)	(5,682) (285)
and net cash equivalents of \$190	(35,983)			
Net cash provided by (used in)				
investing activities	13,941	(341)	4,606	(51,101)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Net change in deposits	(25,386)	755	(15,212)	(21,366)
Net change in repurchase agreements	1,301	1,029	469	(1,553)
Proceeds from borrowings	1,052,393	244,100	319,560	344, 165
Payments on borrowings	(1,080,920)	(261,527)	(324,078)	(286,719)
Net change in advances from borrowers for	( ( 0 - )	(0)	(750)	
taxes and insurance	(407)	(6)	(750)	299
Dividends paid to stockholders Proceeds from exercise of options and	(2,667)	(1,536)	(2,926)	(2,729)
stock issuances	913	443	404	557
Payments to acquire treasury stock	(4,563)	(3,655)	(21,858)	(379)
Net cash provided by (used in)				
financing activities	(59,336)	(20,397)	(44,391)	32,275
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(6,198)	(2,803)	(122)	11,909
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	26,143	28,946	29,068	17,159
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 19,945	26,143 ======	28,946	29,068

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

#### (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

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WesterFed Financial Corporation ("WesterFed," and collectively with its subsidiary, the "Company") serves the financial needs of communities located in western and central Montana through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Western Security Bank (the "Bank"), a federally chartered savings bank. In addition to traditional financial institution services, the Company provides insurance, investment and other related services through Western Security Investment Services, Inc., Service Corporation of Montana and Monte Mac I, Inc., all wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Bank.

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the balance sheet and revenues and expenses for the period. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near-term relate to the determination of the allowance for loan losses. A substantial portion of the Company's loans are secured by collateral in the state of Montana. Accordingly, as with most financial institutions in the market area, the collectibility of a substantial portion of the carrying value of the Company's loan portfolio is susceptible to changes in market conditions.

Management believes the allowance for loan losses is adequate. While management uses available information to recognize losses on loans, future additions to the allowance may be necessary based on changes in economic conditions in the Company's market area and the composition of the loan portfolio. In addition, various regulatory agencies, as an integral part of their examination process, periodically review the Company's allowance for loan losses. Such agencies may require the Company to recognize additions to the allowance based on their judgments about information available to them at the time of their examination.

#### SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company currently operates in one significant business segment -- community banking. Management evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources to this segment based on consolidated performance measurements consistent with those of the consolidated financial statements.

#### CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash equivalents consist of daily interest demand deposits, non-interest-bearing deposits with banks and interest-bearing deposits having original maturities of three months or less.

At December 31, 2000, the Company was required to have aggregate reserves with the Federal Reserve Bank of approximately \$200.

#### INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Investment securities available-for-sale include securities that management intends to use as part of its overall asset/liability management strategy and that may be sold in response to changes in interest rates and resultant prepayment risk and other related factors. Investment securities available-for-sale are carried at fair value, and unrealized gains and losses (net of related tax effects) are excluded from earnings and included as a separate component of stockholders' equity. Upon realization, gains and losses are included in earnings using the specific identification method. Investment securities, other than those designated as available-for-sale or trading, are comprised of debt securities for which the Bank has positive intent and ability to hold to maturity and are carried at cost. Declines in the fair value of held-to-maturity and available-for-sale investment securities below their cost that are deemed to be other than temporary are reflected in earnings as realized losses. All securities are adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts using the level-yield method over the estimated lives of the securities.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

Management determines the appropriate classification of investment and mortgagebacked securities at the purchase date.

STOCK IN FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK

Member institutions of the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) system are required to hold common stock of its district FHLB according to predetermined formulas. The FHLB provides a source of borrowed funds for the Company which are secured, in part, by this FHLB stock.

#### LOANS RECEIVABLE, NET

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Loans receivable, other than loans available-for-sale, are stated at the unpaid principal balance, net of premiums, unearned discounts, net deferred loan origination fees, and the allowance for loan losses.

Loans are placed on nonaccrual status when collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful (generally loans past due 90 days or more). Interest income previously accrued on these loans, but not yet received, is reversed in the current period. Interest subsequently recovered is credited to income in the period collected. Discounts are accreted and premiums are amortized to income using the level-yield method over the estimated lives of the loans.

Loan fees and certain direct loan origination costs are deferred, and the net fee or cost is recognized in interest income using the level-yield method over the contractual life of the individual loans, adjusted for actual prepayments. Amortization of deferred loan origination fees are suspended during periods in which the related loan is on nonaccrual status.

Loans available-for-sale are carried at the lower of cost or market using the aggregate method. Valuation adjustments, if applicable, are reflected in current operations. Gains and losses on sales, resulting from the difference between sales proceeds and the underlying carrying value, are recorded using the specific identification method. A sale is recognized when control over the underlying loan is surrendered and exchanged for consideration other than beneficial interests in the loan sold.

Management determines the appropriate classification of loans as either held to maturity or available-for-sale at origination, in conjunction with the Company's overall asset/liability management strategy.

The cost of loan servicing rights is included in other assets and amortized in proportion to, and over the period of, estimated net servicing revenues.

The carrying value of loan servicing rights and the amortization thereon is periodically evaluated in relation to estimated future net servicing revenues. Servicing assets are evaluated for impairment based upon the fair value of the rights as compared to amortized cost. Impairment is determined by stratifying rights by predominant characteristics, such as interest rates and terms. Fair value is determined using prices for similar assets with similar characteristics, when available, or based upon discounted cash flows using market-based assumptions. Impairment is recognized through a valuation allowance for an individual stratum, to the extent that fair value is less than the capitalized amount for the stratum.

#### ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

The allowance for loan losses is based on management's evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance, including an assessment of known and inherent risks in the portfolio, review of individual loans for adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, the estimated value of any underlying collateral, and consideration of current economic conditions.

Additions to the allowance arise from charges to operations through the provision for loan losses or from the recovery of amounts previously charged off. The allowance is reduced by loan charge-offs. Loans are charged off when management believes there has been permanent impairment of their carrying values.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

The Company also provides an allowance for losses on specific loans which are deemed to be impaired. Groups of small balance homogeneous basis loans (generally the Company's consumer loans) are evaluated for impairment collectively. A loan is considered impaired when, based upon current information and events, it is probable that the Bank will be unable to collect, on a timely basis, all principal and interest according to the contractual terms of the loan's original agreement. When a specific loan is determined to be impaired, the allowance for possible loan losses is increased through a charge to expense for the amount of the impairment. For all non-consumer loans, impairment is measured based on value of the underlying collateral. The value of the underlying collateral is determined by reducing the collateral's estimated current value by anticipated selling costs. The Company's impaired loans are the same as those non-consumer loans currently reported as non-accrual. The Company recognizes interest income on impaired loans only to the extent that cash payments are received.

#### REAL ESTATE OWNED

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Real estate owned is recorded at the fair value at the date of acquisition, with a charge to the allowance for loan losses for any excess of cost over fair value. Subsequently, real estate owned is carried at the lower of cost or fair value, less estimated selling costs. Certain costs incurred in preparing properties for sale are capitalized, and expenses of holding foreclosed properties are charged to operations as incurred. Other assets include \$291 and \$168 of real estate and other personal property acquired through foreclosure at December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

#### CASH SURRENDER VALUE OF LIFE INSURANCE

The Company has acquired life insurance policies covering certain key employees for which the Company is the beneficiary. The Company makes one-time lump-sum payments as key employees are identified. Earnings on the premiums paid are expected to exceed future premiums and expenses associated with the policies and thus result in an increase in the cash surrender value of the policies.

#### PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT

Premises and equipment, including leasehold improvements, are stated at cost, less accumulated amortization and depreciation. Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line and double declining balance methods over the estimated useful lives of the assets or leases ranging from 5 to 40 years.

#### GOODWILL

Goodwill reflects the excess of cost over fair value of identifiable net assets which were acquired during 1997. Goodwill is amortized over 25 years. Accumulated amortization as of December 31, 2000 and 1999 was \$2,498 and \$1,832, respectively.

#### CORE DEPOSIT INTANGIBLE

Core deposit intangible represents the intangible value of depositor relationships resulting from deposit liabilities assumed in a 1997 acquisition and is amortized using an accelerated method based on an estimated runoff of the related deposits, not exceeding 10 years. Accumulated amortization as of December 31, 2000 and 1999 was \$2,787 and \$2,207, respectively.

#### LONG-LIVED ASSETS

Long-lived tangible and intangible assets including goodwill are reviewed for impairment whenever events or circumstances provide evidence that suggests the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized if the sum of the undiscounted expected future cash flows is less than the carrying amount of the asset. The amount of the impairment loss, if any, is based on the asset's fair value which may be estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows.

#### INCOME TAXES

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted tax rates applicable to taxable income for the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

WesterFed and its subsidiaries file consolidated Federal and state income tax returns.

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

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The Company periodically enters into interest rate exchange agreements (Swaps) and interest rate cap agreements (Caps) as part of its overall asset/liability management strategies. Estimated amounts to be received or paid on the Swap settlement dates are accrued when realized. The net Swap settlements are reflected in interest expense. Transaction fees on Caps are amortized to interest expense over the life of the related Caps using the straight-line method. Any payments received on Caps are reflected in operations.

#### STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

The cost of stock based compensation issued to third parties is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award. For grants to employees, compensation cost is the excess of the market price of the stock at the grant date over the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock.

#### COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Comprehensive income includes net income, as well as other changes in stockholders' equity that result from transactions and economic events other than those with stockholders. The Company's only significant element of other comprehensive income is unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale investment securities.

#### EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per common share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period less unvested RRP and unallocated ESOP shares. Diluted earnings per common share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares used to compute basic EPS plus the incremental amount of potential common stock determined by the treasury stock method.

#### RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain reclassifications have been made to the December 31, 1999 and June 30, 1999 and 1998 financial statements to conform with the December 31, 2000 presentation.

#### (2) CHANGE IN FISCAL YEAR

Effective December 31, 1999, WesterFed changed its reporting period from a fiscal year ended June 30 to a calendar year end. Accordingly, results of operations for the transition period ended December 31, 1999 cover a six-month period. The following condensed statements of income present financial data for the six months ended December 31, 2000 and the comparable six month period of the prior year. These statements are for comparative purposes only.

	Six Months December	
	2000	1999
	(Unaudited)	
Interest income Interest expense	\$ 35,195 20,097	35,606 19,385
Net interest income Provision for loan losses	15,098 (1,700)	16,221 (880)
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	13,398	15,341

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Six Months Ended December 31,		
	2000	1999	
	(Unaudited)		
Noninterest income Noninterest expense	\$ 4,716 (11,735)	3,965 (12,848)	
Income before income tax expense	6,379	6,458	
Income tax expense	(2,454)	(2,483)	
Net income	\$ 3,925	3,975	
Net income per common share:			
Basic	\$ 1.00	0.93	
Diluted	======== \$ 0.97	======= 0.89	
	========	=======	

#### (3) REGULATORY MATTERS

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WesterFed's ability to pay dividends is dependent upon the dividends it receives from the Bank, which are subject to regulations and the Bank's continued compliance with all regulatory capital requirements as specified by the Office of Thrift Supervision (OTS). A "Tier 1" institution, which is defined as an institution that has capital immediately prior to a proposed capital distribution that is equal to or greater than the amount of its fully phased-in capital requirement, is authorized to make capital distributions during a calendar year up to the higher of 100% of its net income to date during the calendar year plus the amount that would reduce by one-half its surplus capital ratio at the beginning of the calendar year, or 75% of its net income over the most recent four-quarter period. The Bank is a Tier 1 institution.

The OTS has amended its capital distribution regulation effective April 1, 1999. Associations that are subsidiaries of a savings and loan holding company must file a notice with the OTS at least 30 days before the proposed declaration of a dividend or approval of the proposed capital distribution by its Board of Directors. In addition, the savings institution now must obtain prior approval from the OTS if it fails to meet certain regulatory conditions or if, after giving effect to the proposed distribution, the institution's capital distributions in a calendar year would exceed its year-to-date net income plus retained net income for the preceding two years or the association would not be at least adequately capitalized.

The Bank may also not declare or pay a cash dividend on, or repurchase any of, its common stock if the effect thereof would cause the regulatory capital of the Bank to be reduced below the amount required for a liquidation account, which was established at the date the Bank completed its conversion from a mutual to a stock form of savings bank.

Capital standards require the Bank to have minimum regulatory tangible capital equal to 1.5% of adjusted total assets, a minimum 3.0% core capital ratio and an 8.0% risk-based capital ratio. In addition, federal banking agencies have adopted regulations which establish a system for prompt regulatory corrective action with respect to depository institutions which do not meet minimum capital requirements. The "prompt corrective action" (PCA) regulations established five categories related to the level of capital of the depository institution: (1) well-capitalized, (2) adequately capitalized, (3) under-capitalized. At December 31, 2000, the most recent notification from the OTS categorized the Bank as well capitalized for PCA purposes.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

The Bank's compliance with capital requirements follows:

	Actual		Minimun be adeq capitaliz prompt co action p	uately ed under rrective	Minim to be capitaliz prompt co action pr	well ed under rrective ovision
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
As of December 31, 2000:						
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 80,199	13.50%	\$ 47,537	8.00%	\$ 59,421	10.00%
Core (Tier 1) capital (to risk-weighted assets)	73,925	12.44	23,768	4.00	35,653	6.00
Core (Tier 1) capital (to adjusted assets)	73,925	8.14	36,312	4.00	45,390	5.00
Tangible capital (to tangible assets)	73,925	8.14	13,617	1.50	13,617	1.50
	=======	=====	=======	======	=======	======
As of December 31, 1999:						
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 74,336	12.09%	\$ 49,179	8.00%	\$ 61,473	10.00%
Core (Tier 1) capital (to risk-weighted assets)	69,142	11.25	24,589	4.00	36,884	6.00
Core (Tier 1) capital (to adjusted assets)	69,142	7.06	39,177	4.00	48,971	5.00
Tangible capital (to tangible assets)	69,142	7.06	14, 691	1.50	14,691	1.50
		======		======	========	======

The following is a reconciliation of total stockholders' equity as shown on the consolidated balance sheet and tangible, core and risk-based regulatory capital of the Bank at December 31, 2000 and 1999:

	December 31, 2000	December 31, 1999
Total stockholders' equity Less: Nonqualifying equity of WesterFed and nonqualifying subsidiaries Goodwill and other intangibles Nonqualifying mortgage loan servicing Unrealized (gains) losses on certain securities available-for-sale	\$ 94,222 (2,861) (16,918) (355) (163)	89,525 (4,622) (18,164) (527) 2,930
Tangible and Core capital	73,925	69,142
Add: Allowance for loan losses Unrealized gain on certain available-for-sale equity securities Equity investments and other assets	7,356 46 (1,128)	5,161 33 
Risk-based capital	\$ 80,199 ======	\$ 74,336 =======

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

#### (4) INVESTMENT SECURITIES

The amortized cost and estimated fair values of investment securities follow:

	December 31, 2000					
	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Estimated fair value		
INVESTMENT SECURITIES HELD-TO-MATURITY: Corporate obligations Other investments	\$3,999 2,088	2 495		4,001 2,583		
Mortgage-backed securities	6,087 63,578	497 1,197	(155)	6,584 64,620		
Total investment securities held-to-maturity	\$ 69,665 =======	1,694 ======	(155) =======	71,204 =======		
INVESTMENT SECURITIES AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE:						
Federal agency obligations Corporate obligations Other	\$ 39,653 14,851 3,772	104 99 310	(258) (74)	39,499 14,876 4,082		
Mortgage-backed securities	58,276 82,395	513 474	(332) (381)	58,457 82,488		
Total investment securities available-for-sale	\$140,671 ======	987 ======	(713)	140,945 =======		

	December 31, 1999					
	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Estimated fair value		
INVESTMENT SECURITIES HELD-TO-MATURITY: Corporate obligations Other investments	\$ 6,991 2,214	7	(17)	6,981 2,214		
	9,205	7	(17)	9,195		
Mortgage-backed securities	77,672	738	(484)	77,926		
Total investment securities held-to-maturity	\$ 86,877 ======	745 =======	(501) =======	87,121 =======		
INVESTMENT SECURITIES AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE:						
Federal agency obligations	\$ 87,331		(2,164)	85,167		
Corporate obligations	18,432	6	(378)	18,060		
Other	2,893	92		2,985		
	108,656	98	(2,542)	106,212		
Mortgage-backed securities	83,563	229	(2,516)	81,276		
Total investment securities available-for-sale	\$192,219 =======	327	(5,058)	187,488		

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or repay obligations at par value without prepayment penalties. The cost and estimated fair value of investment securities at December 31, 2000, by contractual maturity, are shown below:

		Fair
	Cost	value
INVESTMENT SECURITIES HELD-TO-MATURITY Due in:		
Less than one year	\$ 999	1,000
One to five years	3,199	3,226
Five to ten years	331	436
After ten years	1,558	1,922
	\$ 6,087	6,584
	=======	======
INVESTMENT SECURITIES AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE		
Due in:		
Less than one year	\$ 9,256	9,245
One to five years	41,024	40,962
Five to ten years	2,649	2,660
After ten years	5,344	5,484
Other	3	106
	\$58,276	58,457
	======	======

Gross proceeds from sales of investment securities available-for-sale for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and for the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998 were \$50,467, \$3,314, \$21,961, and \$19,287, respectively. These sales resulted in gross gains of \$18, \$13, \$89 and \$108 for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and for the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998, respectively, and gross losses of \$1,082, \$0, \$0 and \$11 for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and for the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

Pursuant to a collateral agreement with the FHLB, all unpledged, qualifying investment securities, including those available-for-sale, are pledged to secure advances from the FHLB.

Expected maturities of mortgage-backed securities will differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to prepay obligations with or without penalties. The contractual weighted average life of mortgage-backed securities is approximately 14 years at December 31, 2000.

Mortgaged backed securities with amortized cost of \$35,537 and \$38,621 at December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively, were pledged to secure public deposits and securities sold under repurchase agreements. The approximate market value of securities pledged at December 31, 2000 and 1999 was \$36,016 and \$38,597, respectively. All pledged securities are held in a custody account by a third party.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

#### (5) LOANS RECEIVABLE

A summary of loans receivable follows:

	December 31, 2000	December 31, 1999
Loans secured by real estate:		
1-4 residential units	\$ 234,803	259,570
5 or more residential units	30,356	35,563
Construction	34,605	18,775
Commercial	95,183	78,833
Agriculture	14,701	11,625
Other nonresidential	11,075	8,348
FHA insured or VA guaranteed	5,350	6,781
Total real estate loans	426,073	419,495
Less:	,	,
Net deferred loan origination fees	(919)	(1,145)
Undisbursed loan funds	(5,005)	(5,240)
Purchased discounts	(646)	(852)
Allowance for loan losses	(1,735)	(2,353)
Net real estate loans	417,768	409,905
Other loans:	,	,
Commercial (Non real estate)	59,244	45,361
Agriculture (Non real estate)	21,195	22,825
Loans to depositors, secured by deposits	1,183	1,387
Indirect consumer loans	32,017	54,418
Other consumer loans real estate secured	35,381	36,153
Other consumer loans	65,005	53,510
Allowance for loan losses	(5,621)	(2,808)
Net other loans	208,404	210,846
Net loans	626,172	620,751
Less loans available-for-sale	(3,041)	(4,470)
Loans receivable, net	623,131	\$ 616,281
-,	========	========

A summary of nonperforming loans follows:

	Decemb	er 31,	June 30,			
	2000	1999	1999	1998		
Nonaccrual loans Loans 90 days or more delinquent	\$4,021	2,893	3,049	3,989		
and still accruing		60	775	626		
Total nonperforming loans	\$4,021 ======	2,953	3,824	4,615		
Contractual interest due	\$   292 ======	193 ======	223 ======	271 ======		

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

Interest income recognized on nonaccrual loans during the year ended December 31, 2000 and the six months ended December 31, 1999 and for the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998 was insignificant. At December 31, 2000, there were no commitments to lend additional funds to borrowers whose loans are classified as nonperforming.

Impaired loans at December 31, 2000 and 1999 are \$3,312 and \$2,385, respectively, of which no impairment allowance was deemed necessary. The average recorded investment in impaired loans for the year ended December 31, 2000 and the six months ended December 31, 1999 and for the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998 was approximately \$2,849, \$2,111, \$2,161 and \$1,715, respectively. Interest income recognized on impaired loans for the year ended December 31, 2000 and the six months ended December 31, 1999 and for the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998 was not significant.

An analysis of the allowance for loan losses follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	Six Months Ended December 31,	Year Ended June 30,					
	2000	1999	1999	1998				
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 5,161	5,079	4,907	4,651				
Provision charged to operations	2,600	880	1,300	840				
Charge-offs	(745)	(986)	(1,228)	(637)				
Recoveries	340	188	100	53				
Balance at end of period	\$ 7,356	5,161	5,079	4,907				
	=======	======	======	=====				

Mortgage loans serviced for others are not included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The unpaid balances of these loans were approximately \$212,700, \$219,800, \$223,400 and \$260,300 at December 31, 2000 and 1999 and June 30, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

Mortgage servicing rights are included in other assets and an analysis of activity follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	Six Months Ended December 31,	Year Ended June 30,			
	2000	1999	1999	1998		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 527	602	1,062	1,239		
Additions	24	15	23	37		
Amortization	(196)	(90)	(213)	(214)		
Provision for impairment			(270)			
Balance at end of period	\$ 355	527	602	1,062		
	=====	====	======	======		

At December 31, 2000, the fair value of all mortgage servicing rights was approximately \$3,344. The fair value was obtained from the Office of Thrift Supervision Risk Management Division.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

#### (6) INTEREST RECEIVABLE

A summary of interest receivable follows:

	December 31, 2000	December 31, 1999
Loans Investment securities Interest-bearing deposits	\$4,662 1,967	4,445 3,044 3
	\$6,629	7,492
	======	=====

## (7) PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT

Premises and equipment is summarized as follows:

	December 31, 2000	December 31, 1999
Land	\$ 5,567	5,822
Office buildings and leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures and equipment	25,759 10,580	26,847 10,814
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	41,906 (16,796)	43,483 (16,006)
	\$ 25,110	27,477
	=======	=======

## (8) DEPOSITS

Deposits are summarized as follows:

	December 31, 2000	December 31, 1999
Certificates of deposit	\$335,582	371,486
Savings accounts	71,769	87,206
Money market accounts	78,162	78,482
NOW accounts	78,290	82,506
Total interest-bearing	563,803	619,680
Noninterest-bearing demand	42,297	38,724
	\$606,100	658,404
	========	=======

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

Certificates of deposit at December 31, 2000 mature as follows:

	Less than one year	One to two years	Two to three years	Three to four years	Four to five years	There- after	Total
2.00% to 3.99%	\$ 1,835	53	5	1			1,894
4.00% to 4.99%	9,579	1,538	151	252			11,520
5.00% to 5.99%	52,399	8,073	2,998	1,707	426	22	65,625
6.00% to 6.99%	177,638	13,829	6,248	237	3,374		201,326
7.00% to 8.99%	5,926	381	241	10	<i>6</i> 5		6,623
	247,377	23,874	9,643	2,207	3,865	22	286,988
Jumbo (\$100,000 or more)	43,591	2,508	2,028	245	222		48,594
Total certificates of deposit	\$ 290,968	26,382	1,671	2,452	4,087	22	335,582
	========	======	======	=====	=====	====	======

## (9) REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

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Repurchase agreements generally mature on the next banking day. The securities underlying agreements to repurchase are for the same securities originally sold and are held in a custody account by a third party. For the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999, securities sold under agreements to repurchase averaged approximately \$7,347 and \$7,995, respectively. The maximum outstanding at any month end during the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999 was approximately \$10,146 and \$9,568, respectively. Interest rates at December 31, 2000 and 1999 were 5.44% and 4.92%, respectively.

#### (10) BORROWED FUNDS

Advances from the FHLB and other borrowings are summarized as follows:

	December 31, 2000	December 31, 1999
Advances from FHLB	\$198,404	226,769
8.5% contract payable	167	186
Collateralized mortgage obligations		123
	\$198,571	227,078
	========	========

Advances from FHLB bear interest at rates from 4.77% to 8.11% (weighted average rate of 6.30% at December 31, 2000). Principal requirements are presented at the earlier of call or maturity date as follows:

Ther

									 			 						45,746	
									 			 						9,895	
									 			 						6,307	
									 			 						2,234	
eafte	er								 			 						8,792	
																		\$198,404	
																		========	

Advances from the FHLB are secured by pledges of FHLB stock of \$13,062 and \$15,154 at December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively, and a blanket assignment of the Bank's unpledged, qualifying mortgage loans and investment securities.

The contract payable requires monthly payments of principal and interest of \$3, maturing in November 2016. The contract payable is secured by real estate. The Bank has amounts available for borrowing under the FHLB Cash Management Advance Program up to \$99,461. There was \$800 outstanding at December 31, 2000. There were no amounts outstanding under the program as of December 31, 1999.

(11) INCOME TAXES

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A summary of the provision for income taxes follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	Six Months Ended Decombor 21	Year Ended June 30,				
	2000	December 31, 1999	1999	1998			
Federal:							
Current Deferred	\$ 5,027 (1,025)	2,034 2	3,469 141	3,582 315			
	4,002	2,036	3,610	3,897			
State:							
Current	1,056	426	762	753			
Deferred	(175)	21	31	110			
	881	447	793	863			
	\$ 4,883	2,483	4,403	4,760			
	=======	======	=====	=====			

The effective tax rates for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and for the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998 are 38.4%, 38.4%, 38.9% and 39.6%, respectively. A reconciliation between income tax expense and the amount computed by multiplying the applicable statutory federal income tax rate of 34% follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	Six Months Ended December 31	Ended Ended		d June 30,
	2000	1999	1999	1998	
Computed "expected" Federal tax expense	\$ 4,319	2,196	3,851	4,086	
Earnings and payout on life insurance policies	(131)	(56)	(147)	(99)	
State income taxes, net of Federal income tax benefit	581	295	523	567	
Goodwill amortization	226	113	226	215	
Low income housing credit	(77)	(75)	(75)	(77)	
Other	(35)	10	25	68	
	\$ 4,883	2,483	4,403	4,760	
	=======	=====	=====	=====	

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	December 31, 2000	December 31, 1999
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS:	<b>*</b> 0.000	4 005
Loans, principally allowance for loan losses		1,985
Employee benefits, principally deferred compensation and accrued vacation		1,194
Purchased excess tax bases	988	1,106
Loans, principally differences in bases		328
Investment securities, principally differences in bases	525	633
Market value adjustment of investment securities available-for-sale		1,801
Gross deferred income tax assets	5,919	7,047
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES:		
FHLB stock dividends	3,964	3,614
Fixed assets, principally difference in bases and depreciation	1,331	1,576
Core deposit intangible	1,085	1,308
Deferred loan fees and origination costs	288	340
Market value adjustment of investment securities available-for-sale	104	
Life insurance contract income	52	49
Loans, due primarily to tax bad debt reserves in excess of base year amount	80	284
Loan servicing premium	62	104
0ther	216	330
Gross deferred income tax liabilities	7,182	7,605
Net deferred income tax liability	\$1,263	558
	======	=====

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the existence of, or generation of, taxable income in the periods which those temporary differences are deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, taxes paid in carryback years, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based upon the level of historical taxable income and projection for future taxable income over the periods which the deferred tax assets are deductible, at December 31, 2000, management believes it is more likely than not that the Company will realize the benefits of these deductible differences.

#### (12) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company leases certain land, premises and equipment from third parties under operating leases. Total rental expense for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and for the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998 was \$186, \$97, \$198 and \$197, respectively. The total future minimum rental commitments required under operating leases that have initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year at December 31, 2000 are as follows:

Years ended December 31,	Amount
2001	\$ 150
2002	137
2003	137
2004	137
2005	137
Thereafter	1,167
Total minimum future rental expense	\$ 1,865
	=======

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

The Company is the lessor of office space in certain of its branch office buildings under operating leases expiring in future years. Management expects as operating leases expire in the normal course of business, they will be renewed or replaced by leases on other properties at current market rental rates at the time of renewal. Approximate minimum future rentals to be received under non-cancelable leases subsequent to December 31, 2000 are as follows:

Years ended December 31,	Amount
2001	\$ 648
2002	215
2003	110
2004	71
Total minimum future rental income	\$1,044

The Bank is a defendant in various matters of litigation generally incidental to its business. In the opinion of management, following consultation with legal counsel, liabilities arising from these proceedings, if any, will not have a material impact on the Company's liquidity, financial condition or results of operations.

On February 15, 2000 the Company announced the authorization of a plan to repurchase up to 7.5% of its outstanding shares in the open market during a twelve month period depending on market conditions. During the year ended December 31, 2000, the Company repurchased 319,500 shares under this plan.

#### (13) EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

#### EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLAN (ESOP)

Effective July 1, 1993 the Board of Directors approved the adoption of an ESOP covering substantially all employees. The ESOP purchased 354,933 shares of WesterFed's common stock for \$10 per share in connection with the conversion to stock ownership. The ESOP borrowed \$3,549 from WesterFed to fund the purchase, evidenced by a note receivable recorded by WesterFed, secured by the common stock purchased by the ESOP. The terms of the note require quarterly principal payments from the ESOP of approximately \$57, bearing interest at 7.26%, maturing December 2008. Contributions of cash or common stock are made from the Bank to the ESOP at the discretion of the Board of Directors. Dividends on common shares held by the ESOP to repay principal and interest on the outstanding note. For financial reporting purposes, the note receivable is classified as a reduction of consolidated stockholders' equity and amounts paid to WesterFed for interest have been eliminated in consolidation. The dividends on the unallocated ESOP shores are not recorded as dividends in the consolidated statements of stockholders' equity.

The Company records compensation expense equal to the fair value of shares at the date such shares are made available for allocation to plan participants' accounts. Shares become available for allocation as the ESOP repays the note receivable recorded by WesterFed. The Company recognized expense relating to the ESOP of \$305, \$150, \$372 and \$580 for the years ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

The ESOP shares were as follows:

	December 31, 2000	December 31, 1999
Allocated shares Unallocated shares		179,128 175,805
Original ESOP common shares Shares distributed to participants	354,933 (49,198)	354,933 (31,718)
Common shares held by ESOP	305,735	323,215

At December 31, 2000, the fair value of the unallocated shares was approximately 33,306,000.

#### STOCK OPTION AND INCENTIVE PLAN

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The stockholders have approved a Stock Option and Incentive Plan (the Stock Option Plan). The terms of the Stock Option Plan provide for the granting of up to 443,665 shares of common stock to certain officers and directors. The Stock Option Plan provides for the granting of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, limited stock appreciation rights, or restricted stock, or any combination thereof (collectively, the Awards).

At June 30, 1997, the Company had granted all options available (the options) under the Stock Option Plan. The term of the outstanding options may not exceed 10 years from the date the options are granted. Stock options are generally granted at an option price of not less than the fair market value of the related stock at the grant date. For incentive stock options, a maximum of 10,000 shares per Stock Option Plan participant are exercisable per year. All stock options awarded were exercisable at the grant date.

#### EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

In conjunction with the acquisition of Security Bancorp (see Note 25), the stockholders of the Company approved the Equity Incentive Plan (the "Incentive Plan"). The Incentive Plan provides for granting various awards to directors, officers, and employees of WesterFed or any of its subsidiary corporations of various awards up to 250,000 shares of Common Stock. The Incentive Plan provides for awards in the form of stock options, stock appreciation rights, other securities and property and restricted stock (collectively, Incentive Awards).

The Company has granted Incentive Awards in the form of stock options during the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and the year ended June 30, 1999 which allow holders to acquire 50,000, 48,500 and 50,000 common shares, respectively. The term of the options may not exceed 15 years from the date the options are granted. The exercise price for the purchase of shares subject to a stock option may not be less than 100% of the market value of the shares covered by the option on the date of grant. During any calendar year, no participant may be granted Incentive Awards under the Incentive Plan with respect to more than 50,000 shares. There were no awards granted in the year ended June 30, 1998.

The Board of Directors of the Company periodically grants stock options on a discretionary basis to employees. During the year ended June 30, 1999, discretionary options were granted for the option holder to acquire 10,000 shares. There were no such grants in the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 or the year ended June 30, 1998.

#### RECOGNITION AND RETENTION PLAN (RRP)

Under the RRP, common stock has been granted to certain officers, directors and employees. Deferred compensation is recorded at the date of the stock award based on the fair value of the shares granted. Vesting occurs in four equal, annual installments and the related deferred compensation is expensed over the same period. For financial reporting purposes the unamortized deferred compensation balance is classified as a reduction of consolidated stockholders' equity. Officers, directors and employees awarded shares retain voting rights and, if dividends are paid, dividend privileges during the vesting period. RRP compensation expense of \$38, \$13, \$77 and \$188 has been recorded for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and for the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

The following table reflects option activity for both the Stock Option Plan and Incentive  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Plan}}$  :

	Common Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Year ending June 30, 1998:		
Options outstanding, beginning of period	572,804	\$11.25
Granted		
Exercised	(37,978)	14.67
Outstanding, end of period	534,826	11.34
	=======	
Exercisable, end of period	533,340	11.34
	=======	

	Common Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Year ending June 30, 1999:		
Granted	60,000 (36,116)	\$ 16.16 11.19
Outstanding, end of period	558,710 ======	12.11
Exercisable, end of period	483,510 ======	11.20
Six months ending December 31, 1999:		
Granted	48,500	16.50
Exercised	(35,716)	12.40
Outstanding, end of period	571,494 ======	12.61
Exercisable, end of period	447,794 ======	11.30
Year ending December 31, 2000:		
Granted	50,000	15.70
Exercised	(84,484)	10.81
Expired/forfeited	(4,971)	10.76
Outstanding, end of period	532,039 ======	13.35
Exercisable, end of period	441,364 ======	12.54

Information regarding options outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2000 follows:

		Options Outstand	ing	Optio	ns Exercisable
Range of exercise price	Common shares	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average remain life in yrs.	Common shares	Weighted average exercise price
\$ 3.65 6.54 10.00 12.72 16.16 21.50	2,047 300,823 229,169  532,039	\$ 6.33 10.23 17.50 13.35	1.8 3.1 8.0 5.2	2,047 300,823 138,494  441,364	\$6.33 10.23 17.66 12.54

No compensation cost has been recognized in the consolidated statements of income for options granted under the plans. Had compensation cost for options granted been determined based on the estimated fair value of the options issued at the dates of grant, the Company's net income and income per common share amounts would have been as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	Ended Ended		d June 30,
	2000	1999	1999	1998
Net income, as reported	\$7,819	3,975	6,923	7,260
Net income, pro forma	\$7,532 ======	3,929	6,865 =====	7,228

	Year Six Months Ended Ended December 31, December 31		Year Ende	Ended June 30,	
	2000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1999	1998	
Income per common share: As reported:					
Basic	\$ 1.98	0.93	1.43	1.37	
	======	======	======	======	
Diluted	\$ 1.91	0.89	1.37	1.29	
	======	======	======	======	
Pro forma:					
Basic	\$ 1.90	0.92	1.42	1.36	
	======	======	======	======	
Diluted	\$ 1.84	0.88	1.35	1.29	
	======	======	======	======	

The fair value of the options granted was estimated using the Black-Scholes model with the following assumptions: for the year ended December 31, 2000; dividend yield of 3.3%; expected life of 1.5 years; volatility of 26%; and a risk-free interest rate of 5.1%; for the six months ended December 31, 1999; dividend yield of 2.5%; expected life of 7 years; volatility of 21%; and a risk-free interest rate of 6.3%; for the year ended June 30, 1999; dividend yield of 2.6%; expected life of 5 years; volatility of 22%; and a risk-free interest rate of 5.6%. No options were granted during the year ended June 30, 1998. The average fair value of options granted for the year ended June 30, 1999 was \$6.50, \$3.81 and \$4.40, respectively. Additional awards in future years are anticipated.

#### PENSION PLAN

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The Company participates in a non-contributory multi-employer defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all employees. Actuarially determined pension costs are funded as accrued. Separate actuarial valuations are not prepared for each employer in the plan. Substantially all employees who attain the age of 21 years and complete one year of service are eligible to participate in this plan. Retirement benefits are based upon a formula utilizing years of service and average compensation, as defined. Participants are vested 100% upon the completion of five years of service. Total pension expense, including administrative charges, was approximately \$10, \$16, \$33 and \$20 for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and for the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998, respectively. On January 1, 2001, the Company terminated its participation in this plan. There was no significant gain or loss upon termination.

#### DEFERRED COMPENSATION AGREEMENTS

The Company has entered into deferred compensation agreements with certain key employees that provide for predetermined periodic payments over 10 to 15 years upon retirement or death. The agreements specify a vesting schedule, but are not eligible for benefits if termination occurs prior to completing three years of service beginning on the date of the agreement. In the event of acquisition of the Company by a third party, the deferred compensation agreements require any successor corporation to assume the obligations of the agreements.

Amounts expensed under these agreements totaled approximately \$404, \$109, \$154 and \$346 for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

#### SAVINGS PLAN

The Company has adopted an employee savings plan. To be eligible for the plan, an employee must complete one year of full time employment. Company contributions match 50% of an employee's contributions, up to a maximum of 3% of the participating employee's wages. Savings plan expense for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and for the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998 totaled approximately \$175, \$89, \$166 and \$184, respectively.

#### EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

The Company has entered into employment contracts with certain senior officers that provide benefits under certain conditions following a termination without cause or a change in control of the Company.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

#### (14) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK

The Company is a party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers and to reduce its own exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and interest rate cap agreements. These instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets. The contract or notional amounts of these instruments reflect the extent of involvement the Company has in particular classes of financial instruments.

The Company's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments. The Company uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance-sheet instruments. For interest rate cap agreements, the contract or notional amounts do not represent exposure to credit loss. The Company controls the credit risk of those instruments through credit approvals, limits, and monitoring procedures.

#### COMMITMENTS TO EXTEND CREDIT

Commitments to extend credit are as follows:

	December 31, 2000	December 31, 1999
Fixed rate	\$ 2,100	2,435
Variable rate	9,762	6,559
	\$11,862	8,994
	======	=====

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have terms which specify commitment periods of 45 days at interest rates which approximate current market rates, adjusted for management's assessment of the creditworthiness of the customer. In some cases, customers may be required to pay a fee for the Company's commitment to lend. Since many of the commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Company evaluates each customer's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary, upon extension of credit is based on management's evaluation of the counterparty. Collateral held varies but may include personal property, residential real property, and income-producing commercial properties.

#### COMMITMENTS TO SELL LOANS

At December 31, 2000, the Company had commitments to sell \$3,081 of loans. These loans are recorded at fair value and are classified as held for sale on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

#### INTEREST RATE CAP

At December 31, 1999, the Company had a \$5,000 notional amount interest rate cap agreement expiring July 2000. The interest rate cap entitles the Company to receive interest payments in exchange for payment of a transaction fee, provided the three-month LIBOR exceeds 6%. The transaction fee paid in connection with the interest rate cap agreement is amortized to interest expense as an adjustment of the interest cost of liabilities. Interest rate cap agreements are used to manage interest rate risk by synthetically extending the life of interest-bearing liabilities. At December 31, 2000, there were no outstanding interest rate cap agreements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

#### (15) RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS NOT YET ADOPTED

In June 2000, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 138, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," an amendment to SFAS No. 133. SFAS No. 133 and SFAS No. 138 establish accounting and reporting standards requiring that every derivative instrument (including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts) be recorded in the balance sheet as either an asset or liability measured at its fair value. These standards require that changes in the derivative's fair value be recognized currently in earnings unless specific hedge accounting criteria are met. As of December 31, 2000, the Company was not engaged in hedging activities nor did it hold any derivative instruments that will require adjustments to carrying values under SFAS No. 133 and SFAS No. 138. The Company adopted the standards on January 1, 2001.

#### (16) RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

The reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	Six Months Ended December 31,	Year Ended	June 30,	
	2000	1999	1999	1998	
Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Amortization of:	\$ 7,819	3,975	6,923	7,260	
Deferred loan origination fees Premiums and discounts on securities, loans and borrowings RRP deferred compensation ESOP shares committed to be released Provision for loan losses	(337) (520) 38 390 2,600	(186) (260) 13 205 880	(470) (632) 77 472 1,300	(440) (900) 188 652 840	
Net (gain) loss on sales of: Investment securities available-for-sale Loans Real estate owned Premises and equipment Branches	1,064 (365) 43 (242) (1,878)	(13) (277) 26 (12)	(89) (1,060) (13) (276)	(97) (956)  (17)	
Depreciation and amortization of premises and equipment Goodwill and core deposit amortization FHLB stock dividends Origination of loans available-for-sale Proceeds from sales of loans available-for-sale Decrease (increase) in interest receivable Interest expense credited to deposit accounts Changes in other assets and liabilities	(1, 378) 2, 112 1, 246 (908) (51, 354) 53, 150 762 23, 590 1, 987	1,088 673 (539) (41,609) 41,156 143 12,100 572	2,488 1,443 (1,055) (105,129) 109,370 143 24,320 1,851	2,147 1,391 (975) (96,520) 94,254 (821) 26,938 (2,209)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 39,197 =======	17,935 =======	39,663 ======	30,735 ======	

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

(17) NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

On December 19, 2000, the Company declared a dividend of approximately \$1,030 which is recorded in accrued expenses and other liabilities at December 31, 2000.

On December 21, 1999, the Company declared a dividend of approximately \$697 which is recorded in accrued expenses and other liabilities at December 31, 1999.

On June 24, 1999, the Company declared a dividend of approximately \$908 which is recorded in accrued expenses and other liabilities at June 30, 1999.

On June 23, 1998, the Company declared a dividend of approximately \$1,005 which is recorded in accrued expenses and other liabilities at June 30, 1998.

Real estate owned acquired through foreclosures of loans receivable was approximately \$341, \$227, \$559 and \$546 for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and for the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

Treasury stock of approximately \$1 and \$2 was recorded due to forfeitures of unearned RRP shares for the year ended June 30, 1998.

During the six months ended December 31, 1999, the Company reduced paid-in capital and recorded a liability in the amount of \$67 related to Security Bancorp shares not tendered for Company shares. Company shares had been provided in escrow for the exchange, however, will now be paid in cash upon redemption.

(18) FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following fair value estimates, methods and assumptions were used to measure the fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practical to estimate that value.

For cash and short-term investments, the carrying amount was considered to be a reasonable estimate of fair value.

For investment securities, fair values were based on quoted market prices or dealer quotes. If a quoted market price was not available, fair values were estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities.

For FHLB stock, the carrying amount was considered to be a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Fair values were estimated for portfolios of performing and nonperforming loans with similar financial characteristics. For certain similar categories of loans, such as residential mortgages, home equity loans, non-residential mortgages, and consumer loans, fair value was estimated using the quoted market prices for securities backed by similar loans, adjusted for differences in loan characteristics. The fair value of other performing loan types was estimated by discounting the future cash flows using market discount rates that reflect the credit, collateral, and interest rate risk inherent in the loan.

The fair values of commitments to extend credit at fixed rates were not significant at December 31, 2000 and 1999.

The fair value of demand deposits, savings deposits and money market accounts were the amounts payable on demand at December 31, 2000 and 1999. The fair value of certificates of deposit is estimated based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows using rates derived from the U.S. Treasury yield curve, adjusted for certificate redemption features.

For short-term borrowings, the carrying amount was considered to be a reasonable estimate of fair value.

The fair value for long-term borrowings was based upon the discounted value of the cash flows. The discount rates utilized were based on rates currently available with similar terms and maturities.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

The estimated fair values of financial instruments are as follows:

	December 31, 2000		December 31, 1999	
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	
Financial assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,945	19,945	26,143	26,143
Interest-bearing deposits	100	100	100	100
Investment securities available-for-sale	140,945	140,945	187,488	187,488
Investment securities	69,665	71,204	86,877	87,121
Loans available-for-sale	3,041	3,041	4,470	4,470
Loans, net	623,131	618,063	616,281	602,658
Stock in FHLB of Seattle	13,062	13,062	15,154	15,154
Financial liabilities:				
Deposits	\$606,100	606,483	658,404	656,813
Repurchase agreements	9,032	9,032	7,731	7,731
Borrowed funds	198,571	199,233	227,078	224,663
Off-balance-sheet items:				
Interest rate cap agreements:				
notional amount of \$0 and \$5,000				4
	=======	=======	=======	========

#### LIMITATIONS

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The foregoing fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on pertinent market data and relevant information on the financial instrument. These estimates do not include any premium or discount that could result from an offer to sell, at one time, the entire holdings of a particular financial instrument or category thereof. Since no market exists for a substantial portion of the financial instruments, fair value estimates were necessarily based on judgments with respect to future expected loss experience, current economic conditions, risk assessments of various financial instruments involving a myriad of individual borrowers, and other factors. Given the innately subjective nature of these estimates, the uncertainties surrounding them and the matters of significant judgment that must be applied, these fair value estimations cannot be calculated with precision. Modifications in such assumptions could meaningfully alter these estimates.

Since these fair value approximations were made solely for on- and off-balance sheet financial instruments, no attempt was made to estimate the value of anticipated future business and the value of nonfinancial statement assets and liabilities. Other important elements which are not deemed to be financial assets or liabilities include the value of the Company's retail branch delivery system, its existing core deposit base, premises and equipment and goodwill. Further, certain tax implications related to the realization of the unrealized gains and losses could have a substantial impact on these fair value estimates and have not been incorporated into any of the estimates.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

#### (19) WESTERFED INFORMATION

The summarized condensed financial information for WesterFed Financial Corporation is presented below:

#### CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

		December 31, 2000	December 31, 1999
Assets:	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 450	268
	Interest-bearing and due from banks deposits	\$ 430 445	2,096
	Investment securities available-for-sale	1,566	1,636
	Other assetsInvestment in subsidiaries	54 92,778	47 86,335
		92,110	
	Total assets	\$ 95,293	90,382
Liabili	ties and Stockholders' Equity:	=======	======
LIUDIII	Other liabilities Stockholders' Equity:	\$ 1,071	857
	Common stock	57	56
	Additional paid-in capital	71,115	70,040
	Common stock acquired by ESOP/RRP Treasury stock at cost	(1,825) (33,537)	(2,090) (28,974)
	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(33, 337) 170	(28,974)
	Retained earnings	58,242	53,423
	Total stockholders' equity	94,222	89,525
	Total liabilities and stockholders'		
	equity	\$ 95,293	90,382
		=======	=======

#### CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	Year Ended December 31,	Six Months Ended December 31,	Year Ended June 30,	
	2000	1999	1999	1998
Dividends from the Bank	\$ 4,940	7,000	20,000	5,000
Interest income	131	39	266	233
Non-interest expense	(660)	(234)	(653)	(677)
Income before income taxes	4,411	6,805	19,613	4,556
Income tax benefit	95	70	120	79
Income before undistributed earnings of subsidiaries Undistributed (distributions in excess of)	4,506	6,875	19,733	4,635
earnings of subsidiaries	3,313	(2,900)	(12,810)	2,625
	\$ 7,819	3,975	6,923	7,260
	=======	=======	=======	======

	Year Ended December 31,	Six Months Ended December 31,	Year Ended June 30,	
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	2000	1999	1999	1998
Operating Activities:				
Net income for the period	\$ 7,819	3,975	6,923	7,260
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Distributions in excess of (equity in undistributed) earnings of subsidiaries Amortization of premiums on investment	(3,313)	2,900	12,810	(2,625)
securities available-for-sale		(14) 205	(223) 472	(182) 652
Net change in other assets and liabilities		89	213	(686)
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,743	7,155	20,195	4,419
Investing Activities: Decrease (increase) in interest-bearing deposits Purchase of investment securities Proceeds from maturities of investment securities	1,651 (987) 1,093	(1,713) (2,542) 2,000	19 (37,985) 42,250	561 (23,766) 21,350
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	1,757	(2,255)	4,284	(1,855)
Financing Activities: Dividends paid to stockholders Proceeds from exercise of stock options and stock issuances Purchase of treasury stock	(2,668)	(1,536) 443 (3,655)	(2,926) 404 (21,858)	(2,729) 557 (379)
Net cash used in financing activities	(6,318)	(4,748)	(24,380)	(2,551)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	182 268	152 116	99 17	13 4
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		268 ======	116 ======	17 ======

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

## (20) CONDENSED QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - UNAUDITED

	Year Ended December 31, 2000				
	Fourth Quarter	Third Quarter	Second Quarter	First Quarter	
Interest income Interest expense	\$ 17,544 10,018	17,651 10,079	17,819 10,352	17,660 9,915	
Net interest income	7,526	7,572	7,467	7,745	
Provision for loan losses Noninterest income Noninterest expense	(1,250)(1) 1,841 (5,914)	(450) 2,875 (5,821)	3,000		
Income before income tax expense	2,203	4,176	3,299	3,024	
Income tax expense	(845)	(1,609)	(1,265)	(1,164)	
Net income	\$ 1,358	2,567	2,034	1,860	
Net income per share: Basic	\$ 0.34	0.66	0.52	0.46	
Diluted	======= \$ 0.33 =======	======= 0.64 =======	======= 0.51 =======	======= 0.45 =======	

### (1) During the fourth quarter of 2000, an additional provision for loan losses of \$800 was recorded due to the deterioration of a commercial loan relationship and consumer loans.

	Six Months Ended December 31, 1999		
	Second Quarter	First	
Interest income Interest expense	\$ 17,861 9,734	,	
Net interest income	8,127	8,094	
Provision for loan losses Noninterest income Noninterest expense		(445) 2,117 (6,470)	
Income before income tax expense	3,162	3,296	
Income tax expense	(1,195)	(1,288)	
Net income	\$ 1,967	2,008	
Net income per share: Basic Diluted	\$ .47 ======= \$ .45 ======	.46 ====== .44 =======	

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	Year Ended June 30, 1999			
	Fourth Quarter	Third Quarter	Second Quarter	First Quarter
Interest income Interest expense	\$ 17,468 9,443	17,082 9,371	17,828 9,865	18,420 10,565
Net interest income	8,025	7,711	7,963	7,855
Provision for loan losses Noninterest income Noninterest expense	(445) 2,542 (7,316)	(345) 2,052 (6,956)	(270) 2,377 (6,985)	(240) 2,327 (6,969)
Income before income tax expense	2,806	2,462	3,085	2,973
Income tax expense	(1,050)	(878)	(1,256)	(1,219)
Net income	\$ 1,756	1,584 ======	1,829 ======	1,754 ======
Net income per share:				
Basic	\$     40 ======	.37	. 35	33
Diluted	\$.39 ======	.35 ======	. 33 ======	.31 =======

## (21) EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Year Ended December 31,	Six Months Ended 31, December 31,	inded Year Ended June 3	
	2000	1999	1999	1998
Number of shares on which basic earnings per share is calculated: Average outstanding shares during the fiscal year	3,958,789	4,291,092	4,830,068	5,317,577
Add: Incremental shares under stock option plans	137,204	170,269	240,270	296,316
Incremental shares related to RRPs			1,225	13,425
Number of shares on which diluted earnings per share is calculated	4,095,993 =======	4,461,361 ======	5,071,563 ======	5,627,318 =======
Net income applicable to common stockholders (000's)	\$ 7,819 ======	3,975	6,923	7,260
Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.98 ======	0.93	1.43	1.37
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.91 =======	0.89	1.37	1.29

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

Stock options to purchase 180,669 and 72,169 shares for the six months ended December 31, 1999 and the year ended June 30, 1999, respectively, were outstanding, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the options' exercise price was greater than the average market price of the common shares and, therefore, the effect would be antidilutive. No stock options were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share in the years ended December 31, 2000 and June 30, 1998.

(22) SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Year Ended December 31,	Ended Ended Year		Ended June 30,	
	2000	1999	1999	1998	
Payments during the period for:					
Interest	\$13,799	6,761	12,856	13,900	
Income taxes, net	5,937	2,604	3,933	4,080	
	======	======	======	=======	

#### (23) BRANCH SALE

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On May 14, 2000, the Company sold the assets and liabilities of six branch locations to Stockman Bank. The Company recognized a net gain of \$1,878. The net loans and deposits related to the branch sale were approximately \$12.1 million and \$50.5 million, respectively. In conjunction with the sale, the Company paid \$35,983 to Stockman Bank.

#### (24) SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On September 20, 2000, the Company entered into a merger agreement with Glacier Bancorp, Inc. (Glacier). Glacier, a publicly traded multi-bank holding company headquartered in Kalispell, Montana, acquired the Company on February 28, 2001 for a combination of cash and stock in a transaction valued at approximately \$95 million (Unaudited).

(amounts in thousands except per share data)	Glacier Bancorp, Inc.	WesterFed	Pro forma Adjustments(1)	Glacier and WesterFed Combined	Idaho/Utah Branches(1)	Glacier Bancorp, Inc. after acquisitions
ASSETS Cash on hand and in banks Interest bearing cash deposits	,	17,400 2,645		58,856 12,975	2,480 20,000(e)	61,336 32,975
Cash and cash equivalents		20,045		71,831	22,480	94,311
Investments Investment securities, held-to-maturity Investment securities, available-for-sale	 211,888	69,665 140,945	1,539(c) (27,997)(b)	71,204 324,836	 119,550	71,204 444,386
Total Investments	211,888	210,610	(26, 458)	396,040	119,550	515,590
Loans receivable	741,360	210,610 633,528 (7,356)	(26,458) (5,929)(C) 	396,040 1,368,959 (15,155)	37,698 (1,125)	1,406,657 (16,280)
Total Loans, net Premises and equipment, net Real estate and other assets	733,561 25,016	626,172 25,110	(5,929) 1,654(c)	1,353,804 51,780	36,573 6,449	1,390,377 58,229
owned Federal Home Loan Bank of	291	291		582		582
Seattle stock, at cost Federal Reserve stock, at cost	16,436 1,662	13,062		29,498 1,662		29,498 1,662
Accrued interest receivable	6,637	6,629		13,266		13,266
Core deposit intangible Goodwill	1,547 4,946	2,821 14,097	4,628(c) (14,097)(c)	8,996 24,578	1,514(d) 17,402(d)	10,510 41,980
Other assets	,	10,340	19,632(c) 1,663(c)	14,945		14,945
Total assets	\$ 1,056,712	929,177	(18,907)	1,966,982	203,968	2,170,950
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Deposits - non-interest bearing	\$ 141,207	45,160		186,367	30,000	216,367
Deposits - interest bearing Advances from Federal Home	579,363	563,803	383(c)	1,143,549	153, 518	1,297,067
Loan Bank of Seattle Securities sold under	196,791	198,404		395,195		395,195
agreements to repurchase	24,877	9,032		33,909		33,909
Other borrowed fundsAccrued interest payable	4,652 4,591	167 8,293		4,819 12,884	450	4,819 13,334
Current income taxes	17	113		130		130
Deferred income taxes Other liabilities	578 6,185	1,263 8,720	(684)(c) 4,925(c)	1,157 19,830		1,157 19,830
Minority interest	338			338		338
Total liabilities	958,599	834,955	4,624	1,798,178	183,968	1,982,146
Trust preferred securities Common stock, \$.01 par value			15,000(e)	15,000	20,000(e)	35,000
per share	114	57	(57)(a) 46(b)	160		160
Paid-in capital	101,828	71,115	40(b) (71,115)(a) 55,645(b)	157,473		157,473
Common stock acquired						
by ESOP/RRP Treasury stock, at cost Retained earnings (deficit) -		(1,825) (33,537)	1,825(a) 33,537(a)			
substantially restricted Accumulated other comprehensive	(4,087)	58,242	(58,242)(a)	(4,087)		(4,087)
income	258	170	(170)(a)	258		258
Total stockholders' equity	98,113	94,222	(38,531)	153,804		153,804
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,056,712 =======	929,177 ======	(18,907)	1,966,982 =======	203,968	2,170,950 ======

(1) See accompanying notes to unaudited combined condensed pro forma financial statements to which specific references above also refer.

(amounts in thousands except per share data)	Glacier Bancorp, Inc	. WesterFed	Pro forma Adjustments(1)	Glacier and WesterFed Combined	Idaho/Utah Branches(1)	Glacier Bancorp, Inc. after acquisitions
Interest income Loans Investments and interest	\$ 63,197	52,714	847(e)	116,758	3,431	120,189
bearing deposits	15,640	17,960	(1,881)(e) (308)(e)	31,411	9,769	41,180
Total interest income	78,837	70,674	(1,341)	148,170	13,200	161,369
Interest expense						
Deposits	22,674	26,199	128(e)	49,001	6,601	55,602
Borrowings	14,683	14,165		28,848		28,848
Trust preferred securities			1,560(e)	1,560	2,080(e)	3,640
Total interest expense	37,357	40,364	1,688	79,409	8,681	88,090
Net interest income	41,480	30,310	(3,029)	68,760	4,519	73,279
Provision for loan losses	1,864	2,600		4,464	119	4,583
Net interest income after						
provision for loan losses	39,616	27,710	(3,029)	64,296	4,400	68,696
Non-interest income						
Fees and service charges	9,756	6,017		15,773	1,823	17,596
Net gains on sale of loans	2,049	1,720		3,769		3,769
Net gains on sale of	2,040	1,720		3,703		5,705
investments	51	(699)		(648)		(648)
Other income	1,438	2,471	(238)(e)	3,671		3,671
Total non-interest income	13,294	9,509	(238)	22,565	1,823	24,388
Non-interest expense Employee compensation and						
benefits	16,214	11,945		28,159	1,749	29,908
Occupancy & equipment	4,830	1,843	66(e)	6,739	486	7,225
Other expense	9,680	9,484		19,164	1,193	20,357
Deposit premium amortization	199	579	463(e)	1,241	249(e)	
Goodwill amortization Minority interest	343 61	666	277(e)	1,286 61	870(e)	2,156 61
MINUTLY INCOUST						
Total non-interest expense	31,327	24,517	806	56,650	4,547	61,197
Earnings before income taxes Federal and state income tax	21,583	12,702	(4,073)	30,212	1,676	31,886
expense	7,580	4,883	(1,481)	10,982	654	11,636
Net earnings	\$ 14,003	7,819	(2,593)	19,229	1,022	20,251
	_			_		
Average common shares outstanding - basic	11,440	3,959		15,829		15,829
Average common shares outstanding - diluted	11,544	4,096		16,089		16,089
Basic net earnings per share of common stock Diluted net earnings	\$ 1.22	1.98		1.21		1.28
per share of common stock	\$ 1.21	1.91		1.20		1.26

(1) See accompanying notes to unaudited combined condensed pro forma financial statements to which specific references above also refer.

#### NOTE A: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

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The unaudited combined condensed pro forma statement of financial condition combines the historical consolidated statements of financial condition of Glacier Bancorp, Inc. ("Glacier"), WesterFed Financial Corporation ("WesterFed"), and the anticipated effects of the branch acquisitions in Idaho and Utah from Wells Fargo/First Security Bank of Utah ("Branch Acquisitions") as if the WesterFed and Branch Acquisitions had become effective on December 31, 2000. The unaudited pro forma combined statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2000, combines the historical consolidated statements of operations of Glacier and WesterFed, and the anticipated effects of the Branch Acquisitions as if the merger of Glacier and WesterFed (the "Merger") and Branch Acquisitions had become effective on January 1, 2000. Certain amounts in the historical financial statements of WesterFed have been reclassified in the unaudited combined condensed pro forma financial statements to conform to Glacier's historical financial statements.

The Merger and Branch Acquisition will be accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. Under this method of accounting, assets and liabilities acquired are adjusted to their estimated fair value and combined with the historical book values of the assets and liabilities of Glacier Additionally, WesterFed's Common Stock, additional paid in capital, unrealized gains and losses on securities-available-for-sale, and retained earnings is eliminated. Applicable income tax effects of such adjustments are included as a component of Glacier's net deferred taxes with a corresponding offset to goodwill. The actual revaluation of the net assets acquired is subject to the completion of studies and evaluations by management and will be based on the estimated fair value of the net assets acquired at the Effective Dates of the Merger and Branch Acquisition.

Any transactions conducted in the ordinary course of business between Glacier, WesterFed, and Wells Fargo/First Security of Utah would be immaterial and, accordingly, have not been eliminated.

Following the Merger and, subject to regulatory approvals, Glacier may merge certain branches of Western Security Bank, a wholly-owned subsidiary of WesterFed, with other Glacier subsidiaries, and may close branches that are considered non-strategic or are located close to other branches of the combined company. The impact of any such merger, or closings is not expected to be material. Glacier also expects to achieve certain operating cost savings as a result of the Merger; however, no pro forma adjustment has been included in the unaudited pro forma combined financial information for the anticipated cost savings.

The branches acquired in the Branch Acquisitions will become branches of Mountain West Bank of Coeur d' Alene, Idaho, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Glacier.

#### NOTE B: PURCHASE PRICE OF WESTERFED

Total purchase price consideration for accounting purposes is calculated as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

Acquisition of 4,118,868 shares of WesterFed Common Stock	
for total consideration of \$22.25 per share	\$91,640
Valuation adjustment for stock option shares	
Estimated direct acquisition costs	5,700
Total purchase price	\$98,688
	======

59.3% of the acquisition cost of WesterFed will be paid through the issuance of Glacier Common Stock. The value of those shares was \$12.00 which was the average closing price for the three days prior to and subsequent to the announcement of the transaction.

Acquisition cost of WesterFed common stock Percentage to be paid through issuance of stock	\$	91,640 59.3%
Acquisition cost to be paid through the issuance of stock Valuation adjustment for stock option shares		54,343 1,348
Total acquisition cost to be paid through issuance of stock Divided by the assumed value per share of shares issued	\$	55,691 12.00
Total Glacier shares to be issued	4, ==:	,642,750

The acquisition cost to be paid through the issuance of stock will be recorded as follows:

Acquisition cost to be paid through the issuance of common stock	\$ 55,691
Less par value of common stock issued	(46)
Additional paid-in capital	\$ 55,645
	=======

The cash consideration is assumed to be funded with the proceeds of trust preferred securities and with the sale of investment securities which are classified as available-for-sale and whose carrying value approximates market value. The total cash consideration is assumed as follows:

Acquisition cost of WesterFed common stock	\$91,640
Percentage to be paid in cash at closing	40.7%
Acquisition cost to be paid in cash	37,297
Estimated direct acquisition costs	5,700
Total acquisition costs paid in cash	\$42,997

#### NOTE C: ALLOCATION OF PURCHASE PRICE OF WESTERFED

Certain matters are still pending that will have an effect on the ultimate allocation of the purchase price. Accordingly, the allocation of the purchase price has not been finalized and the portion of the purchase price allocated to fair value adjustments, identifiable intangibles and goodwill is subject to change.

Subject to the foregoing, the purchase price has been allocated as described below (in thousands):

WesterFed's net assets at December 31, 2000	\$94,222
Increase (decrease) to WesterFed's net assets as a result of estimated fair	
value adjustments:	

Investment securities held-to-maturity	\$ 1,539
Premises and equipment	1,654
Loans receivable, net	(5,929)
Deposits	(383)
Accrued expenses(1)	(4,925)
Mortgage servicing rights	1,663
Core deposit intangible	4,628
	\$ (1,753)
Applicable income tax effects (2)	684
Net fair value adjustments	(1,069)
Eliminate WesterFed's existing goodwill	(14,097)
Estimated fair value of identifiable tangible and intangible net assets	\$ 79,056
Goodwill	19,632

Total purchase price consideration	\$ 98,688
	=======

- Includes \$2,733,000 of estimated severance costs under existing WesterFed employment agreements.
- (2) Estimated marginal tax rate of 39%.

#### NOTE D: BRANCH PURCHASE

The acquisition of the Idaho and Utah branches is structured as a purchase of assets and assumption of liabilities. With certain exceptions all of the deposits of the branches, real and personal property at each of the branch locations, vault cash, and loans associated with the deposit accounts will be acquired. The net difference between the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, (estimated to be approximately \$126.255 million), and acquisition consideration paid by Mountain West Bank of Coeur d'Alene, will be paid in cash by the selling banks. The amounts shown in the Idaho/Utah Branches column on the unaudited combined condensed pro forma statements were based on information provided by the selling banks and management's estimates of operating results.

The acquisition consideration paid is expected to be as follows:

Core deposit intangible	,
Goodwill	17,402
Total acquisition consideration	\$18,916

#### NOTE E: PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS

For the unaudited combined condensed pro forma statements of operations, the pro forma adjustments are based on the allocated purchase price of the net assets acquired based on the fair value estimates at December 31, 2000 described above.

Investment securities will be adjusted to fair value based on current securities yields and the fair value adjustment will be amortized to interest income as a yield adjustment using the level yield method over the average estimated life of the securities, currently estimated to be five years.

Loans receivable will be adjusted to fair value based on current loan interest rates and the fair value adjustment will be amortized to interest income as a yield adjustment using the level yield method over the average estimated life of the underlying loans receivable, currently estimated to be seven years.

Premises and equipment will be adjusted to fair value based on current market value evaluations and the new basis will be depreciated on a straight line basis over the remaining estimated economic life of the related assets, currently estimated at 25 years.

Mortgage servicing rights will be adjusted to fair value based on current market evaluations and the fair market value adjustment will be amortized on a straight line basis over the weighted average maturity of the associated loans, currently estimated to be 7 years.

Interest-bearing time deposits will be adjusted to fair value based on current time deposit interest rates and the fair value adjustment will be amortized into interest expense using the interest method over the estimated duration of the related deposit, currently estimated to be three years.

Borrowed funds will be paid off prior to the close of the acquisition; therefore, no fair value adjustments have been made.

For purposes of calculating pro forma adjustments, straight-line amortization has been used as any differences between the interest method and the straight-line method would not be significant.

Core deposit intangible will be amortized over the expected economic life which is assumed to be ten years. It is anticipated that the amortization amount will be larger in the earlier years of the amortization period. Goodwill will be amortized over a twenty year period on a straight-line basis.

In addition to the sale of securities, funding of the transactions will be obtained from proceeds of \$35 million trust preferred securities to be issued by Glacier with an interest rate of 9.4%. The amortization of origination costs over a five year call period will result in an effective interest cost of approximately 10.4%.

Pro forma combined weighted average shares outstanding is based on the number of shares assumed to be issued to WesterFed stockholders of 4,799,167 as described above combined with the actual weighted average shares outstanding for Glacier for the respective periods. No options to acquire WesterFed common stock are assumed to be outstanding after the Effective Date of the Merger.

The incremental effect on pro forma combined net earnings of the WesterFed purchase accounting adjustments for the year ended December 31, 2000 is estimated to be an after-tax increase in expense as follows, using an estimated marginal tax rate of 39%:

(Dollars in thousands)	Adjustment Amount	Amortization Period in Years	Quarterly Amortization Amount	Annual Amortization Amount
Fair value adjustments:				
Investment securities Loans receivable Premises and equipment Deposits Accrued expenses Mortgage servicing rights Core deposit intangible Goodwill	\$ 1,539 (5,929) 1,654 (383) (4,925) 1,663 4,628 5,535	5 7 25 3  7 10 20	\$ 77 (212) 17 (32) 59 116 69	\$ 308 (847) 66 (128) 238 463 277
Total adjustments	\$ 3,782 ======		94	376
Income taxes			10	39
Incremental decrease on pro forma combined net earnings .			\$    84 ======	338

(Dollars in thousands)	Es 2001	timated amortization 2002	n for the year en 2003	nded December 31, 2004	2005
Fair value adjustments:					
Investment securities Loans receivable Premises and equipment Deposits Accrued expenses Mortgage servicing rights Core deposit intangible Goodwill	\$ 308 (847) 66 (128) 238 1,418 277	\$ 308 (847) 66 (128) 238 1,169 277	\$ 308 (847) 66 (128) 238 934 277	\$ 308 (847) 66  238 748 277	\$ 308 (847) 66  238 603 277
Total adjustments	1,331	1,083	848	789	 644
Income taxes	411	825	728	200	143
Incremental decrease on pro forma combined net earnings .	920 ======	258 ======	120 ======	589 ======	501 ======

NOTE (F) PRO FORMA INCOME PER SHARE

Pro forma combined weighted average shares outstanding is based on the number of shares assumed to be issued to WesterFed shareholders as described above combined with the actual weighted average shares outstanding for Glacier for the respective periods.

The Board of Directors WesterFed Financial Corporation:

We consent to the inclusion of our report dated February 23, 2001, with respect to the consolidated balance sheets of WesterFed Financial Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2000 and 1999, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity and comprehensive income, and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2000, the six months ended December 31, 1999 and the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998, which report appears in the Form 8-K/A of Glacier Bancorp, Inc. filed on May 3, 2001.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Billings, Montana May 2, 2001